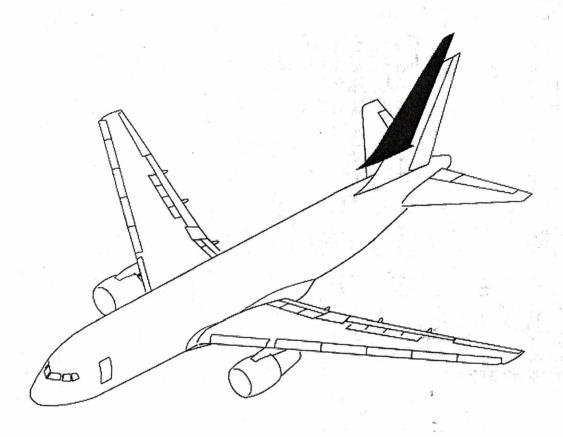
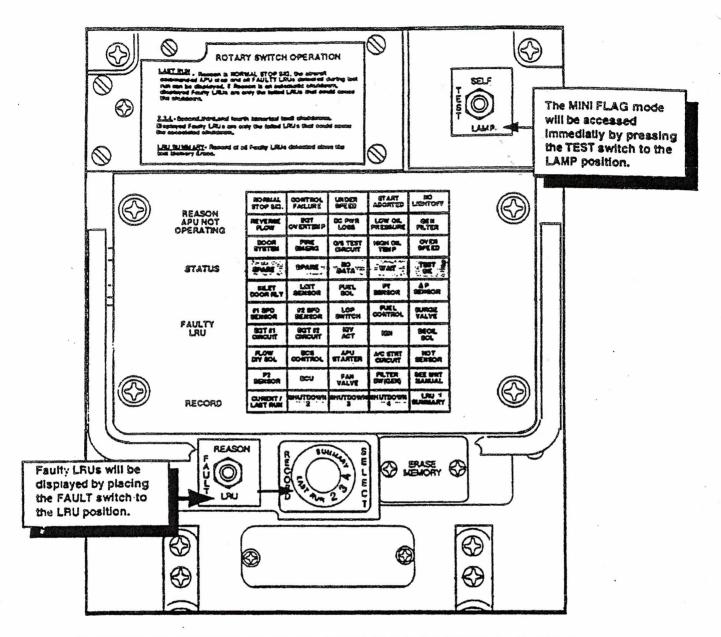


BOEING 757 / 767



APU ECU – BITE MINI – FLAG

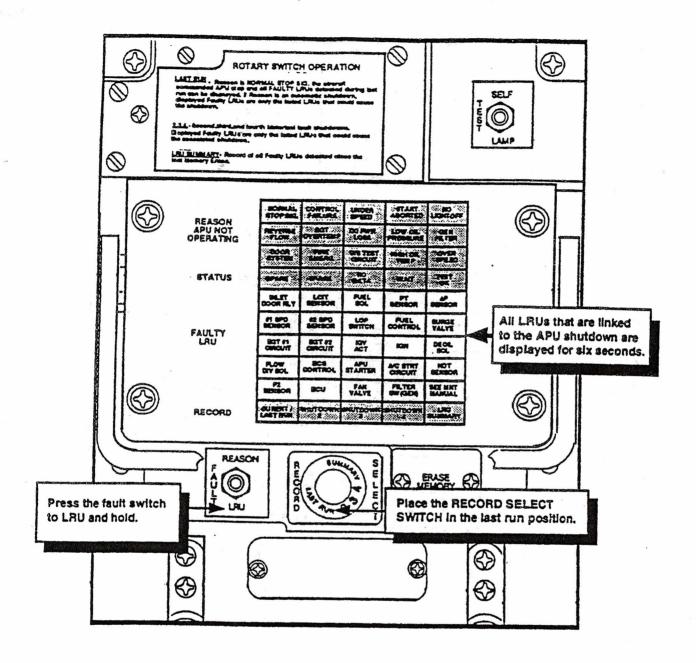
AlliedSignal Aerospace BITE Interrogation Study Guide For the B757-767 331-200 Auxiliary Power Unit Dash 19 and 20 Electronic Control Unit, Part Number 2117342-19 and 20



BITE INTERROGATION WITH APU OPERATING

The ECU BITE can be interrogated with the APU operating.

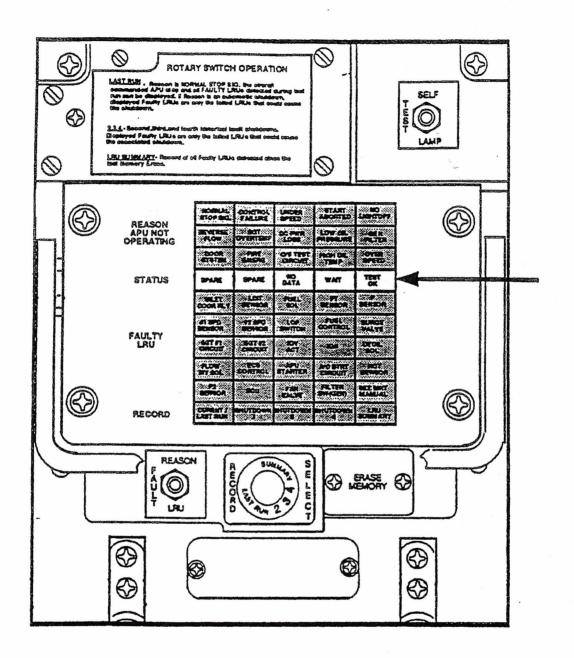




FAULTY LRU DISPLAY

LRU'S that have been detected as failed during prestart BITE and monitor BITE mode.

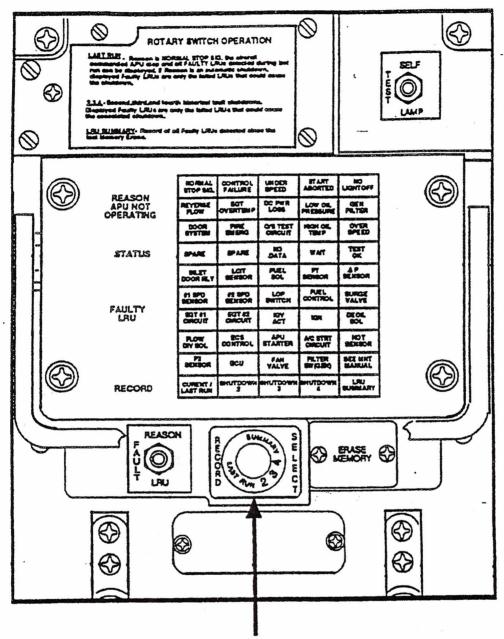




STATUS DISPLAY

The STATUS middle display line displays processing information for either the REASON NOT OPERATING or FAULTY LRU displays.

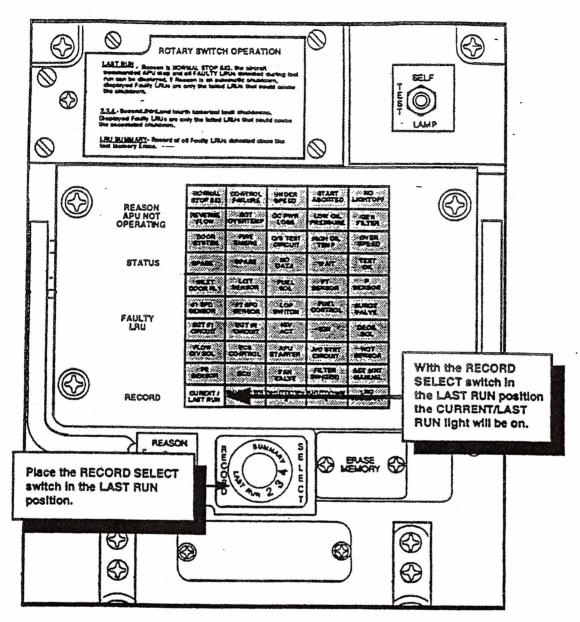




RECORD SELECT SWITCH

The RECORD SELECT TEST switch selects which previous shutdown information is to be displayed.

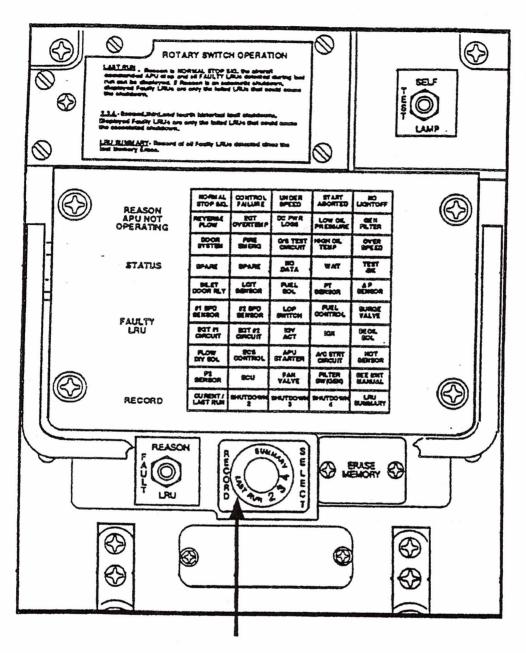




RECORD DISPLAY

The RECORD DISPLAY shows the position of the RECORD DISPLAY switch. The display light is on continuously when the ECU is powered except during a request for SELF TEST, LAMP TEST or MINIFLAGS.

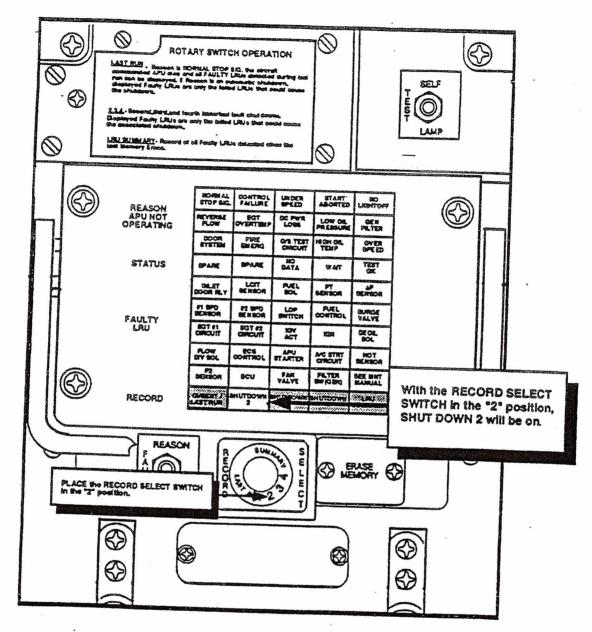




LAST RUN POSITION

The LAST RUN position displays the most recent shutdown or normal stop.

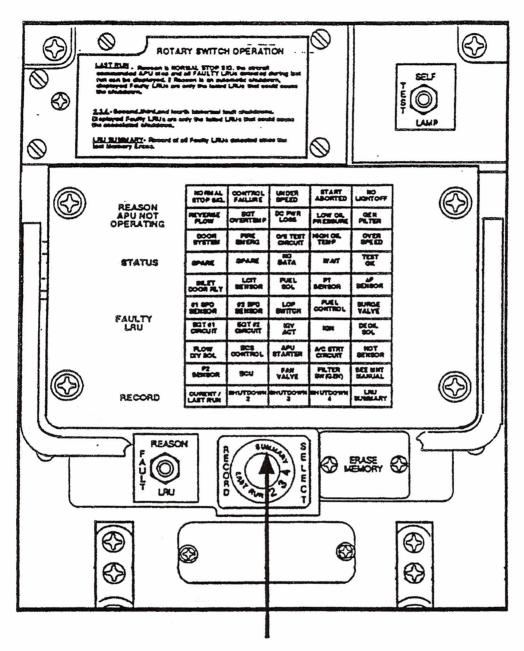




RECORD SELECT SWITCH POSITIONS 2, 3 AND 4.

The switch positions 2, 3 and 4 displays the second third, and fourth previous shutdowns.

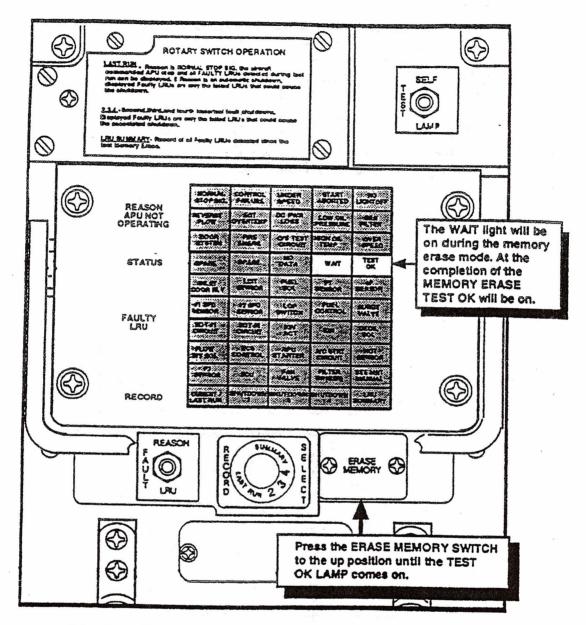




SUMMARY SWITCH POSITION

The summary switch position displays all the LRU's recorded since the last ECU memory erase.

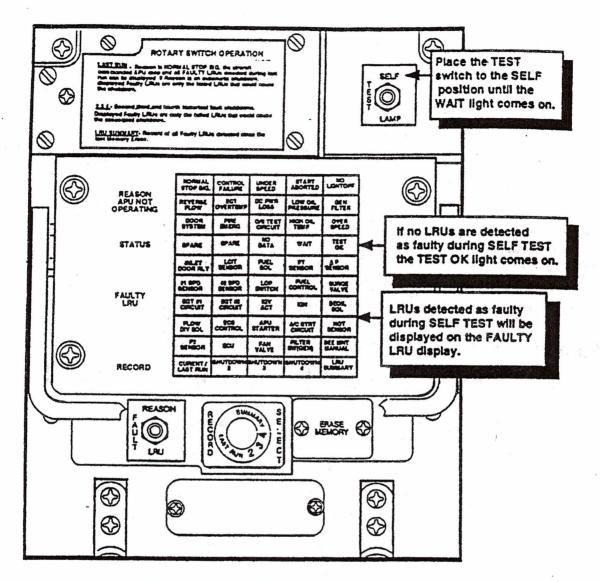




ERASE MEMORY SWITCH

Pressing the momentary ERASE MEMORY switch causes all fault memory to be erased from the system. Erasing the memory requires 15 to 20 seconds. During that time, the WAIT light will be on. At the completion of the memory erase, the TEST OK light will come on.

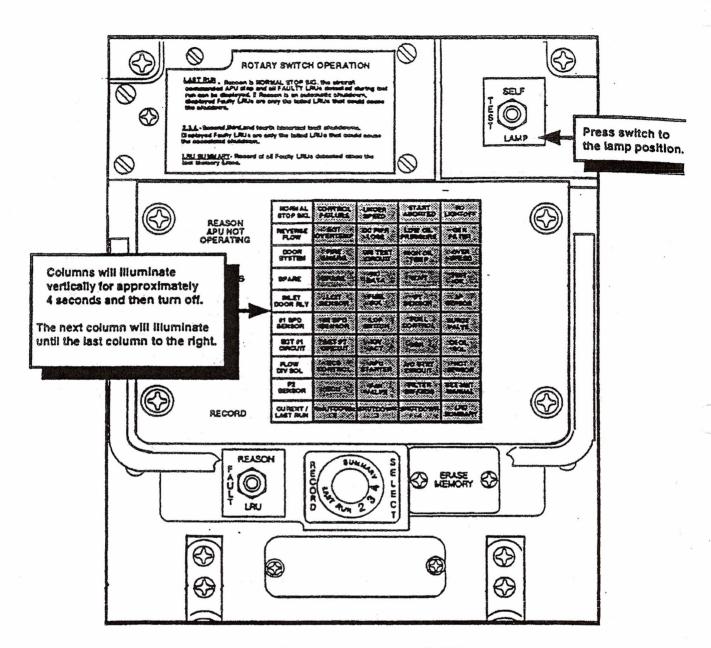




SELF TEST MODE

The SELF TEST MODE tests specific APU LRUs by sending test voltages and currents out to the LRU. If a faulty LRU is detected, it is displayed on the FAULTY LRU display.

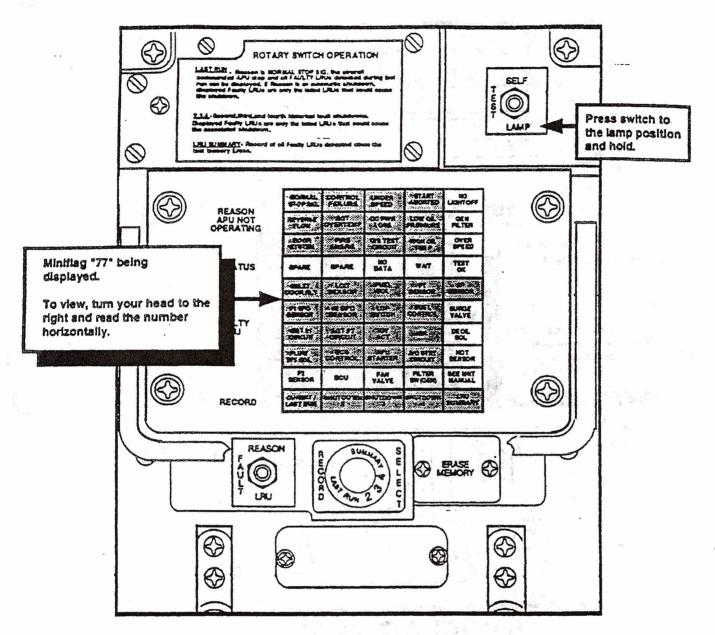




LAMP TEST

The LAMP TEST mode is initiated by pressing the TEST switch to the down position. The display will illuminate vertical columns beginning with the left and sequencially moving to the far right column.

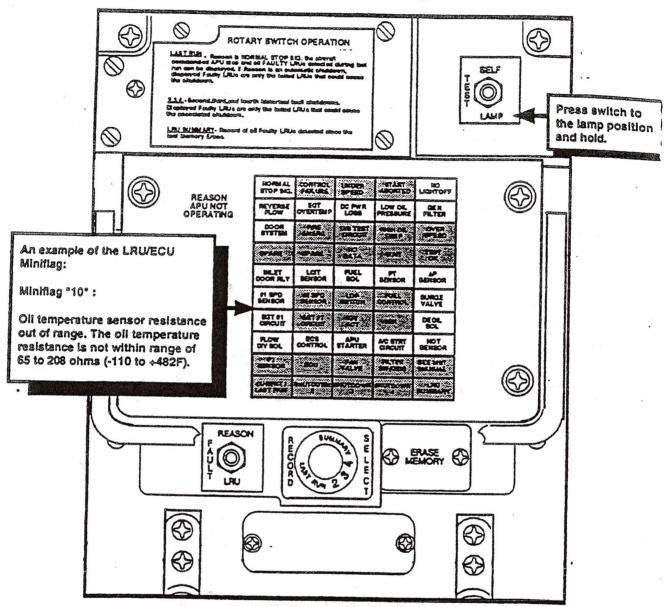




MINIFLAG TEST

The MINIFLAG TEST mode is initiated by pressing the TEST switch to the down position and hold. If the APU is not running, the LAMP TEST will be initiated first and then the MINIFLAG TEST begins. If the APU is running, the MINIFLAG TEST will be initiated immediately.





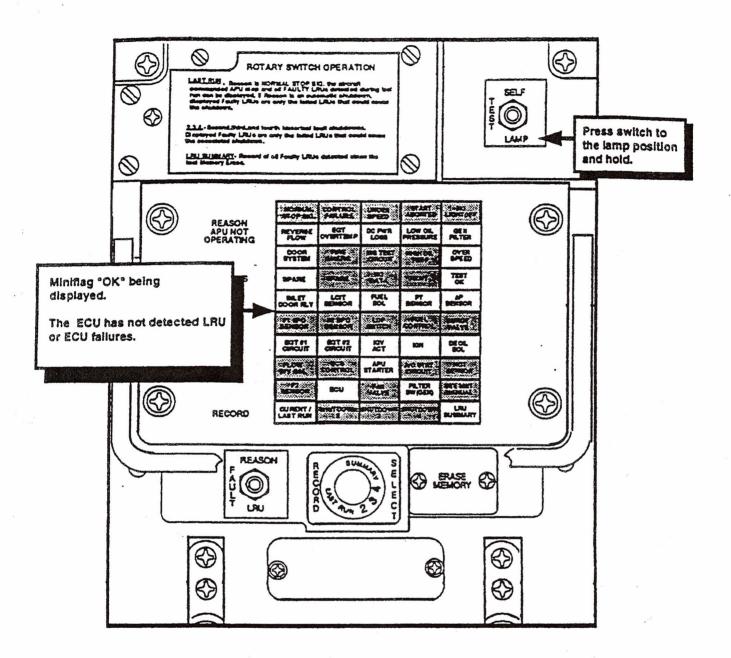
MINIFLAG TEST

Mini-flags are intended to provide more detailed diagnostics than are available from the faulty LRU display. Miniflags are number 1 though 199 and are grouped as follows:

1 to 128 :LRU and ECU miniflags. 129 to 199: APU system miniflags.

During self-test mode, all LRU and ECU miniflags are recorded. During prestart and monitor BITE modes, only those mini-flags that have been detected during the current run are available for display.

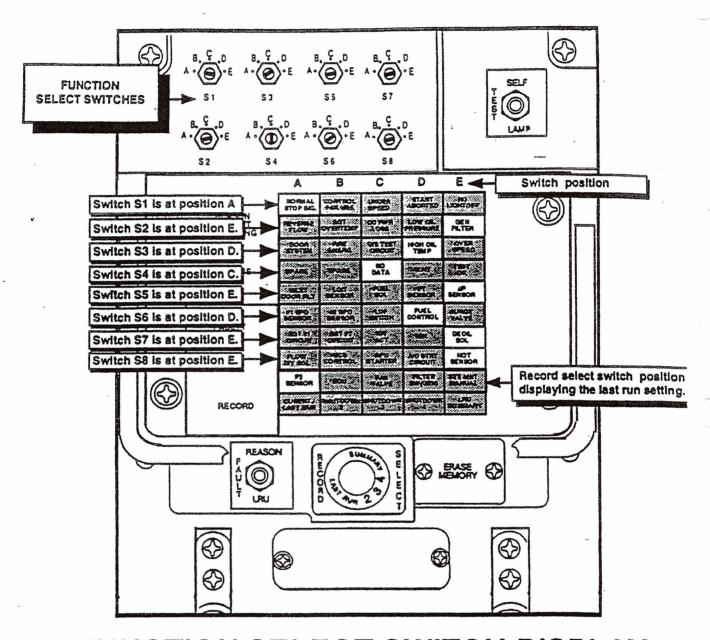
AlliedSignal



MINIFLAG TEST (CONT.)

If there has been no LRU or ECU failures detected the MINIFLAG DISPLAY will show "OK".

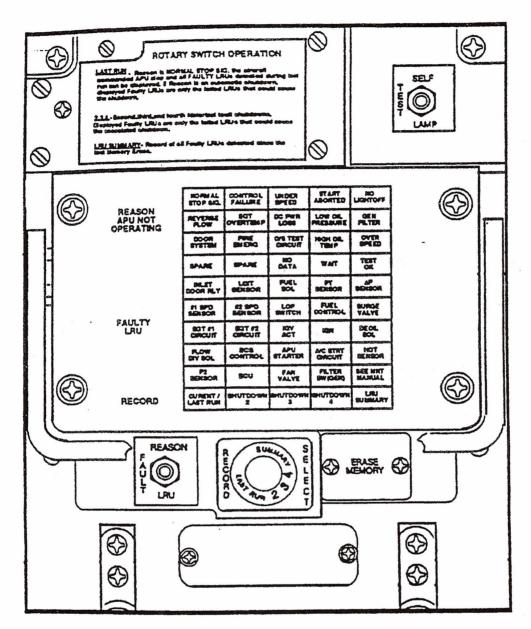




FUNCTION SELECT SWITCH DISPLAY

At the completion of the MINIFLAG TEST, the FUNCTION SELECT switch positions are displayed. Switch S1 is displayed in the top horizontal row with the switch setting number counting out from the left to right. The position of FUNCTION SELECT switch is displayed in the next to the bottom row.





APU SYSTEM MINIFLAGS

APU system miniflags are used for troubleshooting while the APU is operating. The miniflags are continously updated if there is a fault detected. If the fault is not detected, the miniflag is removed.

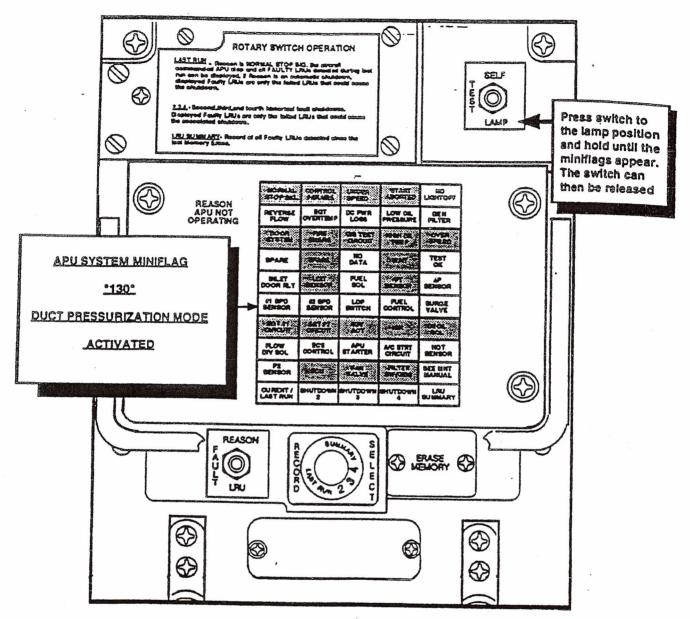


feal time - No faulto No florgs coder

PRELIMINARY

8-8-95

Page 16

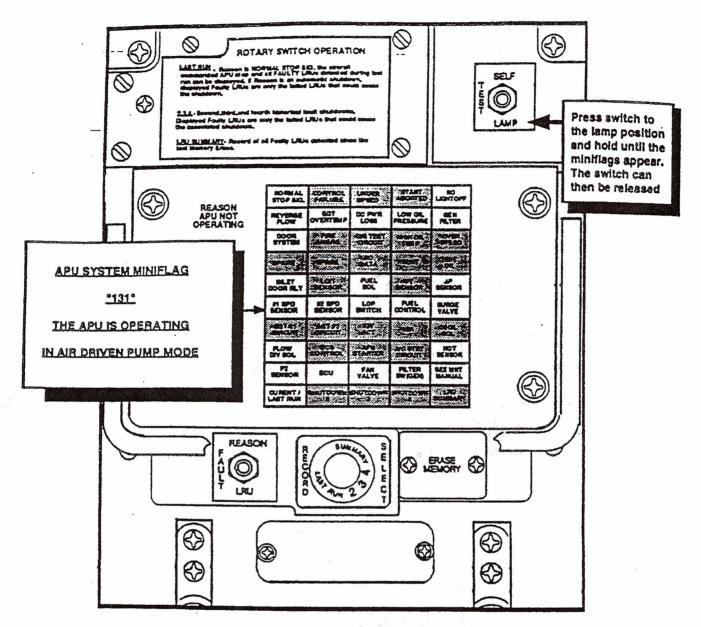


APU SYSTEM MINIFLAG "130"

DUCT PRESSURIZATION MODE ACTIVE

APU system miniflag "130" is displayed when the ECU has received an active command for the duct pressurization mode.



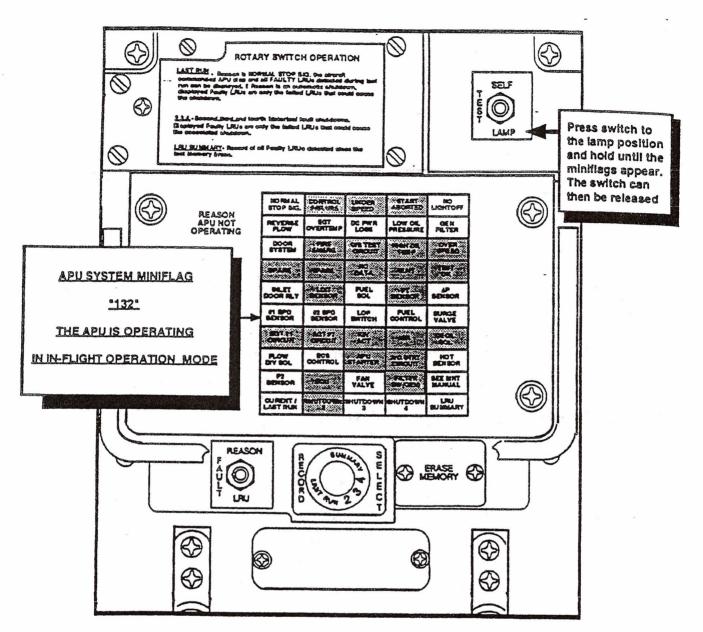


APU SYSTEM MINIFLAG "131"

AIR DRIVEN PUMP MODE ACTIVE

APU system miniflag "131" is displayed when the ECU has received an active command for the AIR DRIVEN PUMP mode (767 only).



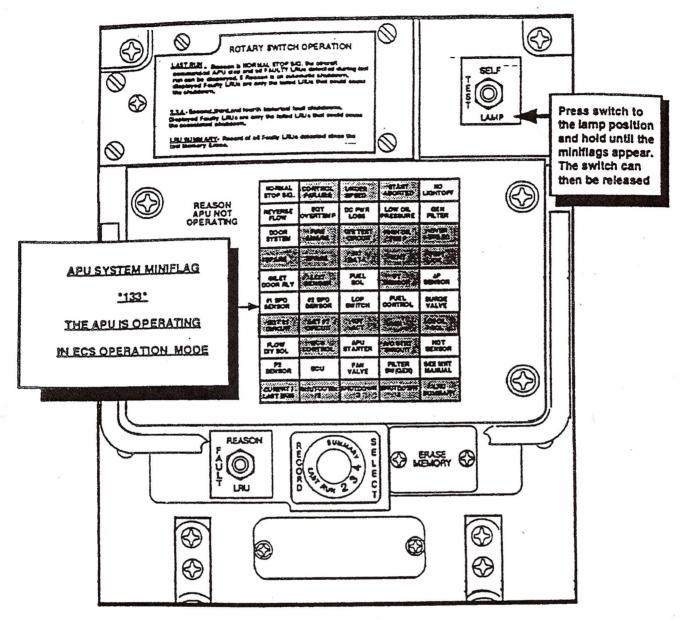


APU SYSTEM MINIFLAG "132"

IN-FLIGHT OPERATION MODE ACTIVE

APU system miniflag "132" is displayed when the ECU has received an in-flight operational command.



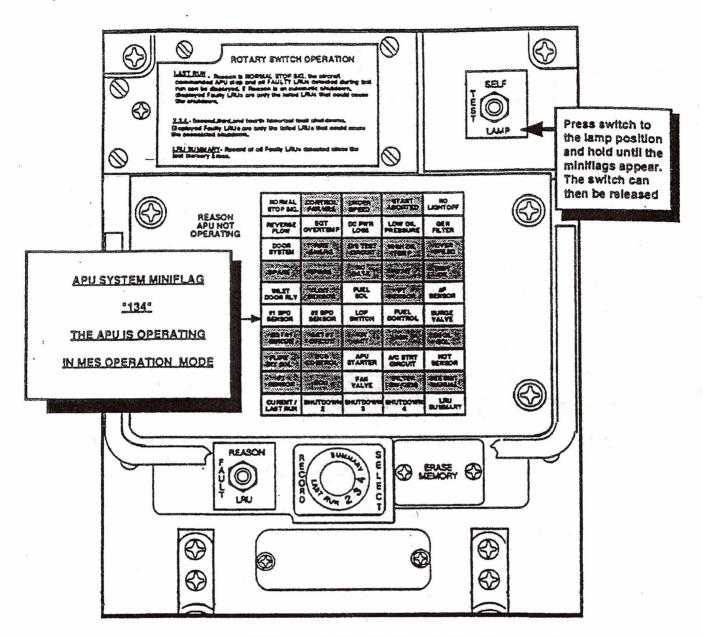


APU SYSTEM MINIFLAG "133"

ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM (ECS) MODE ACTIVE

APU system miniflag "133" is displayed when the ECU has received an ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL SYSTEM operational command.





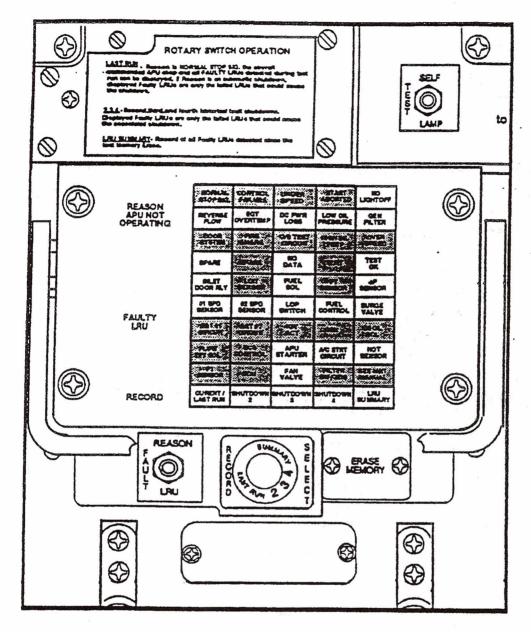
APU SYSTEM MINIFLAG "134"

MAIN ENGINE START (MES) MODE ACTIVE

APU system miniflag "134" is displayed when the ECU has received a MAIN ENGINE START operational command.





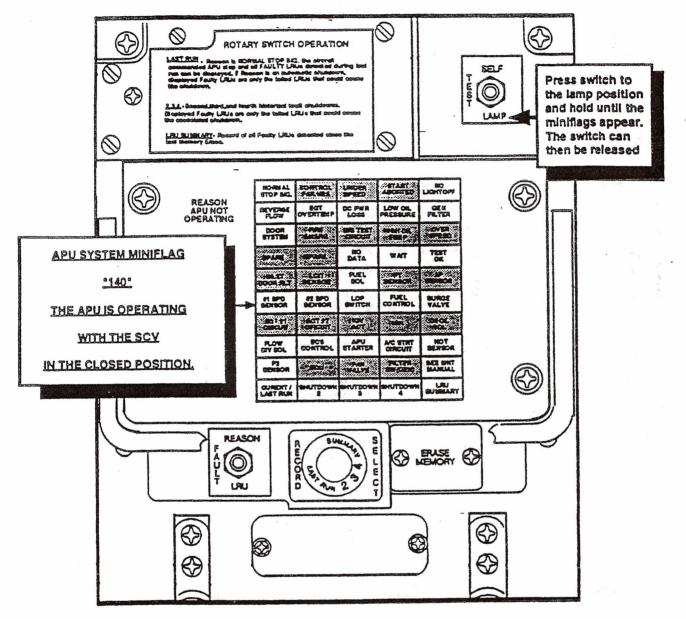


APU SYSTEM MINIFLAGS

APU system miniflags "135" through "139" are not active.







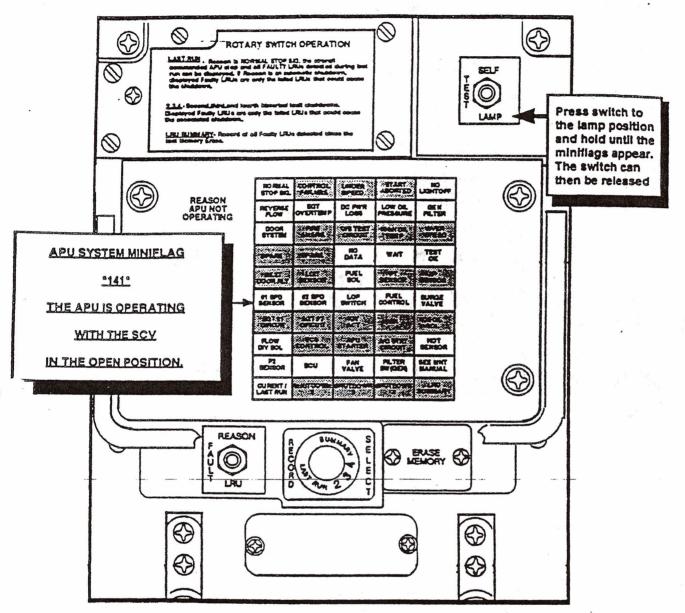
APU SYSTEM MINIFLAG "140"

THE APU IS OPERATING WITH THE SURGE CONTROL VALVE IN THE CLOSED POSITION.

APU system miniflag "140" is displayed when the ECU has commanded the SURGE CONTROL VALVE closed. The SCV torque motor command from the ECU is greater than 95 milli-amps.







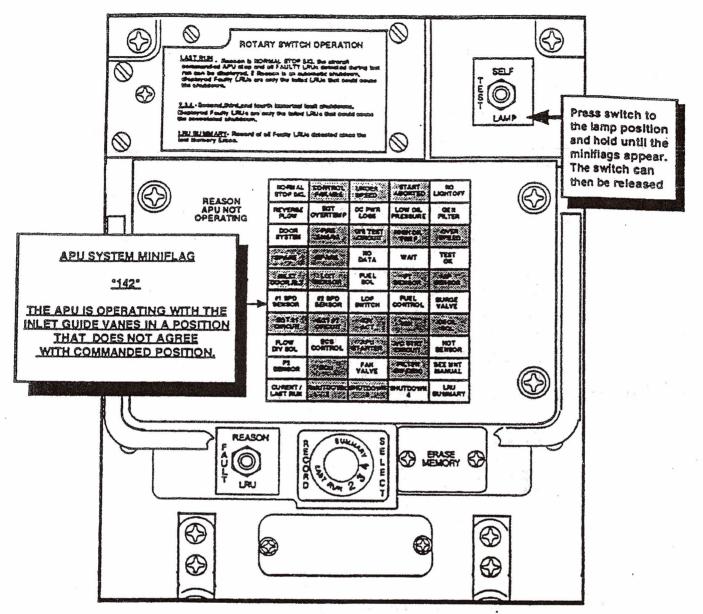
APU SYSTEM MINIFLAG "141"

THE APU IS OPERATING WITH THE SURGE CONTROL VALVE IN THE OPEN POSITION.

APU system miniflag "141" is displayed when the ECU has commanded the SURGE CONTROL VALVE open. The SCV torque motor command from the ECU is less than 10 milli-amps.







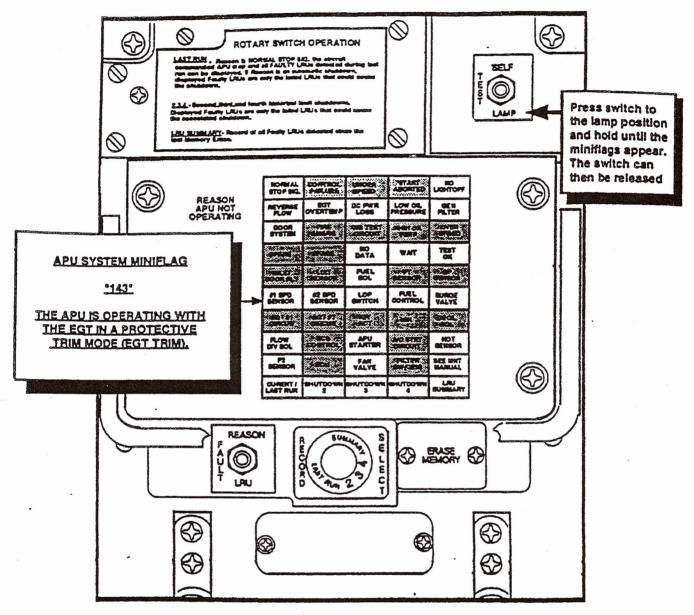
APU SYSTEM MINIFLAG "142"

THE APU IS OPERATING WITH THE INLET GUIDE VANES IN A POSITION THAT DOES NOT AGREE WITH COMMANDED POSITION.

APU system miniflag "142" is displayed when the ECU has detected the IGV commanded position to be more than 5 degrees different than the actual IGV position.







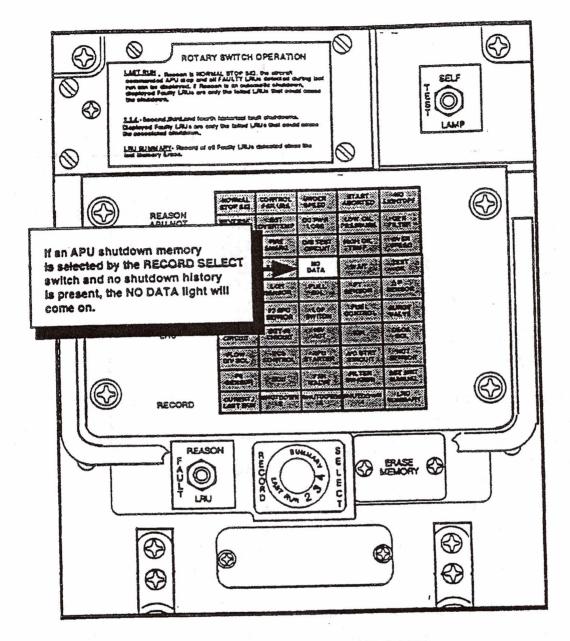
APU SYSTEM MINIFLAG "143"

THE APU IS OPERATING WITH THE EGT IN A PROTECTIVE TRIM MODE (EGT TRIM).

APU system miniflag "143" is displayed when the ECU has detected the APU is operating on EGT TEMPERATURE TRIM. The typical cause of the EGT trim mode is a deteriorated APU power section which can result in reduced pnuematic output.





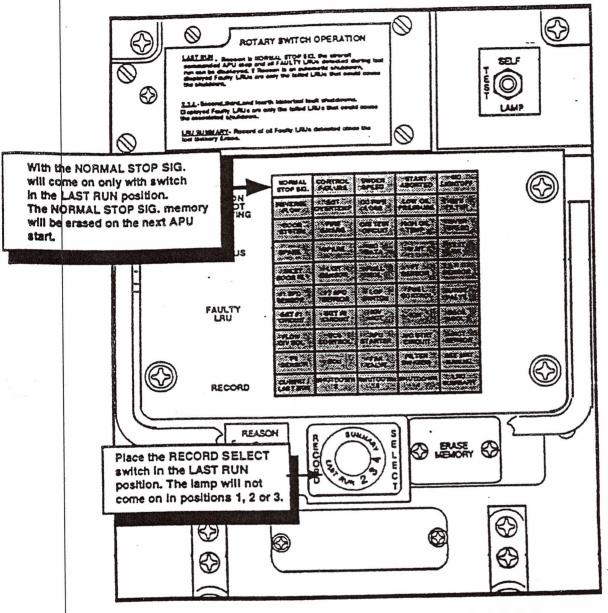


NO DATA LIGHT

The NO DATA light comes on if the ECU fault history is interrogated and there is no APU shutdown or faulty LRU recorded in the ECU memory location.



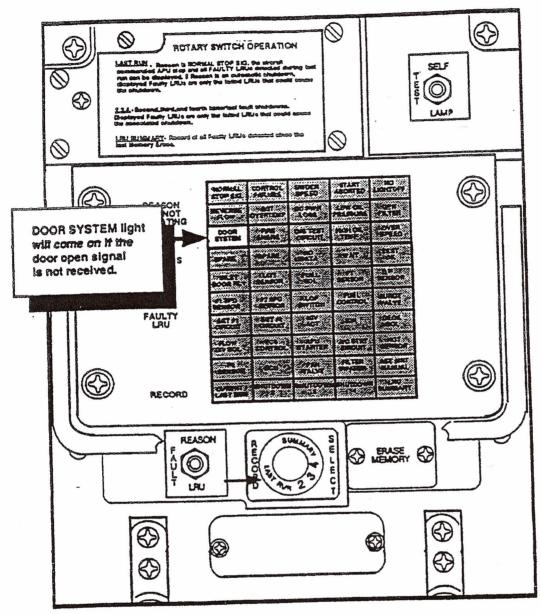




NORMAL STOP SIGNAL

The NORMAL STOP SIG light comes on if the ECU shuts down due to the loss of the aircraft RUN signal. The light will help detect aircraft master switch and associated circuitry failures that could cause APU shutdowns with no BITE indications.

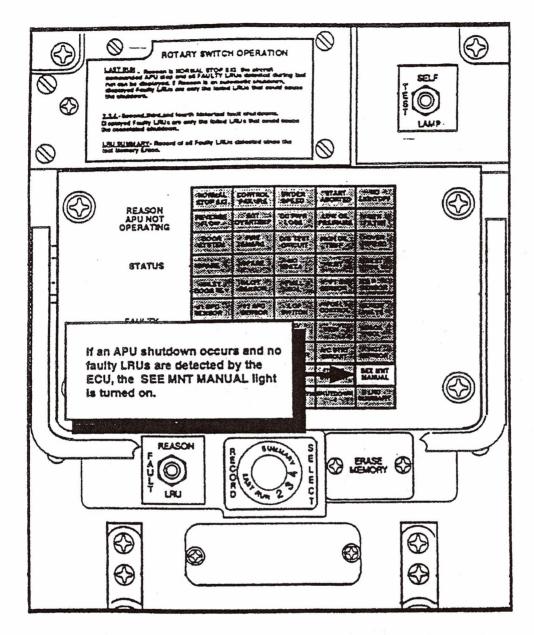




APU DOOR SYSTEM FAILURE

The DOOR SYSTEM light comes on if the ECU does not detect the APU door open switch signal within 30 seconds of the start sequence.



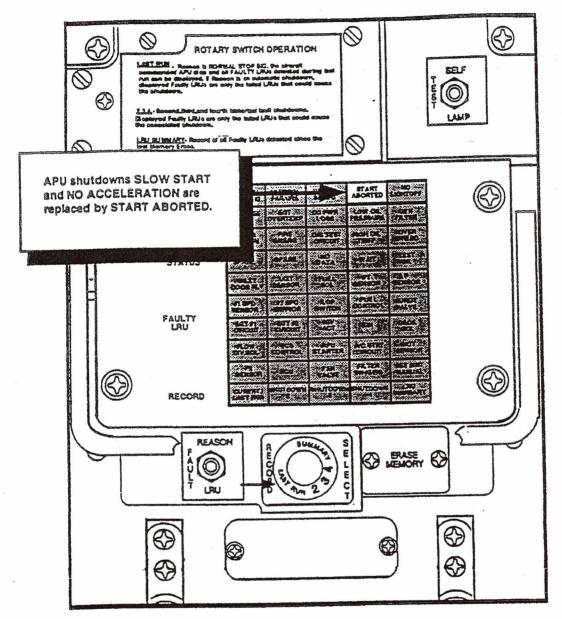


SEE MAINTENANCE MANUAL

The SEE MNT MANUAL light comes on if there is an APU shutdown and the ECU does not detect a faulty LRU. The Boeing Line Maintenace Fault Isolation Manual should be consulted.





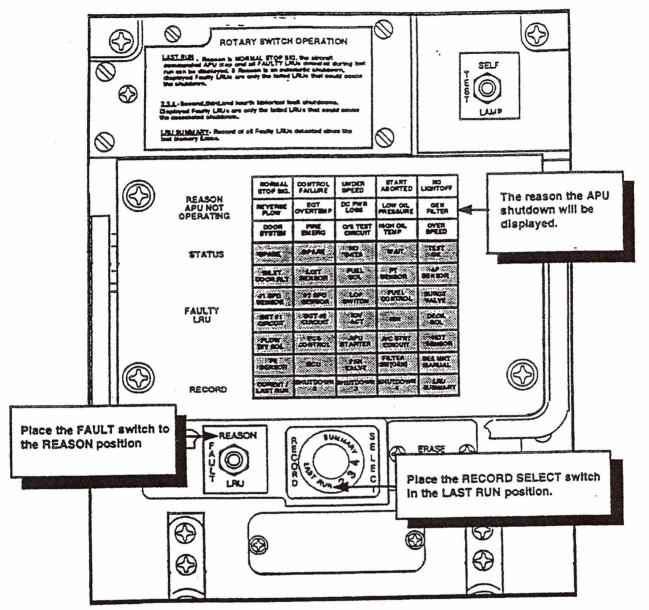


START ABORTED SHUTDOWN

The START ABORTED light comes on if the ECU detects the APU speed during start is less than 95% and the APU acceleration rate is less than .20% per second for 15 seconds. The START ABORTED shutdown will also occur if there is a loss of EGT.



TSI



REASON APU NOT OPERATING DISPLAY

REASON APU NOT OPERATING DISPLAY provides the specific APU fault reason when the ECU detects a condition that causes an APU shutdown.





MINI FLAGS FOR THE DASH 19 ECU

(FOR USE WITH DASH 19 ECU ONLY)

FOR TRAINING PURPOSES ONLY

The same of the sa	
1	SPEED SIGNAL NO. 1 IS NOT FUNCTIONING. THE SPEED SENSOR NO. 1 OR WIRING IS NOT PROVIDING PROPER INPUT AT SPEEDS GREATER THAN 50%.
2	SPEED SIGNAL NO. 2 IS NOT FUNCTIONING. THE SPEED SENSOR NO. 2 OR WIRING IS NOT PROVIDING PROPER INPUT AT SPEEDS GREATER THAN 50%.
3	ECU SPEED CONVERTER CIRCUIT IS FAILED. THE ECU SPEED CONVERTER CIRCUIT DOES NOT INTERPRET THE SPEED SIGNAL PROPERLY WHEN THE APU IS OPERATING AT SPEEDS GREATER THAN 50%.
4	FAILED ECU N/DC CONVERTOR NO. 1 CIRCUIT. THE ECU CIRCUIT THAT CONVERTS THE NO. 1 SPEED SIGNAL TO A DC VOLTAGE IS NOT FUNCTIONING PROPERLY.
5	FAILED ECU N/DC CONVERTER NO. 2 CIRCUIT. THE ECU CIRCUIT THAT CONVERTS THE NO. 2 SPPED SIGNAL TO A DC VOLTAGE IS NOT FUNCTIONING PROPERLY.
6	FAILED ECU N/DC CONVERTER NO. 3 CIRCUIT. THE ECU REDUNDANT CIRCUIT THAT CONVERTS THE HIGHEST SPEED SIGNAL TO A DC VOLTAGE IS NOT FUNCTIONING PROPERLY.
7	THIS MINIFLAG IS DISPLAYED ONLY IN THE "SUMMARY" ROTARY SELECT SWITCH POSITION AND INDICATES AIRPLANE FAULTS PER MINIFLAGS 75-78.
9	LCIT SENSOR SIGNAL OUT OF RANGE. THE LCIT SENSOR CIRCUIT READS LESS THAN -100F.
10	OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR RESISTANCE OUT OF RANGE. THE OIL TEMPERATURE RESISTANCE IS NOT WITHIN THE RANGE OF 65 TO 208 OHMS (-110 TO +482F).

Part Transport	
1	FAILED EGT THERMOCOUPLE CIRCUIT NO. 1 SIGNAL OUT OF RANGE. THE THERMOCOUPLE CIRCUIT READS LESS THAN -100F ABSOLUTE OR EGT THERMOCOUPLE NO 2 READS +130F MORE THAN EGT NO. 1. SEVERE POWER SECTION DISTRESS CAN ALSO CAUSE A LARGE VARIATION IN EGT NO. 1 AND NO. 2 READINGS.
12	FAILED EGT THERMOCOUPLE CIRCUIT NO. 1 SIGNAL OUT OF RANGE. THE THERMOCOUPLE CIRCUIT READS LESS THAN -100F ABSOLUTE OR EGT THERMOCOUPLE NO. 1 READS +150F MORE THAN EGT NO. 2. SEVERE POWER SECTION DISTRESS CAN ALSO CAUSE A LARGE VARIATION IN EGT NO. 1 AND NO. 2 READINGS.
13	SPARE
14	FAILED TOTAL PRESSURE SENSOR/CIRCUIT. THE PT VALUE IS OUT OF ITS NORMAL OPERATING RANGE OR DIFFERS BY MORE THAN 3 PSIG FROM THE P2 SENSOR READING ON THE FROUND AT SPEEDS LESS THAN 12%. A MODERATELY SHIFTED P2 SENSOR OUTPUT COULD ALSO CAUSE THIS MINIFLAG. THIS MINIFLAG CAN BE SET BY MINIFLAG 120.
15	FAILED DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE SENSOR/CIRCUIT. THE DP VALUE IS OUT OF ITS NORMAL OPERATING RANGE OR HAS AN OUTPUT OF LESS TAHN 0.25 PSIG WHEN THE IGV POSITION IS 60 DEGREES (MOSTLY OPEN). THIS MINIFLAG CAN BE SET BY MINIFLAG 120.
16	FAILED AMBIENT PRESSURE (P2) SENSOR/CIRCUIT. THE P2 VALUE IS OUT OF ITS NORMAL OPERATING RANGE OR LESS THAN 8 PSIG ON THE GROUND. THIS MINIFLAG CAN BE SET BY MINIFLAG 120.
17	GENERATOR OIL FILTER SWITCH FAILED OPEN. THE NORMALLY CLOSED GENERTOR OIL FILTER SWITCH IS OPEN PRIOR TO APU OPERATION.
18	COOLING FAN ISOLATION VALVE FAILED. THE NORMALLY OPEN COOLING FAN ISOLATION VALVE SWITCH IS CLOSED PRIOR TO OPERATION OR OPEN DURING APU OPERATION.
19	LOP SWITCH CIRCUIT FAILED CLOSED. THE LOP SWITCH CIRCUIT IS CLOSED (SHORTED) PRIOR TO START.
20	SPARE

21	ECU FLOW DIVIDER DRIVER SHORTED. +28V DC WAS FOUND ON THE- ECU DRIVER WHEN THE DRIVER IS IN THE OFF POSITION. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ECU FAILURE OR A +28V DC EXTERNAL SHORT TO THE DRIVER.
23	ECS DEMAND SIGNAL OUT OF RANGE. THE ECS DEMAND SIGNAL IS LESS THAN -0.3V DC OR GREATER THAN 9.9V DC DURING APU OPERATION IN ECB MODE (MINIFLAG 133).
24	SPARE
25	FUEL SOLENOID CIRCUIT FAILED. THE FUEL SOLENOID CIRCUIT IS OPEN OR SHORTED.
26	DEOIL SOLENOID CIRCUIT FAILED. THE DEOIL SOLENOID CIRCUIT IS OPEN OR SHORTED.
27	FLOW DIVIDER SOLENOID CIRCUIT FAILED. THE FLOW DIVIDER SOLENOID CIRCUIT IS OPEN OR SHORTED.
28	IGNITION UNIT CIRCUIT FAILED. THE IGNITION UNIT CIRCUIT IS OPEN OR SHORTED.
29	ECU DEOIL SOLENOID DRIVER SHORTED. +28V DC WAS FOUND ON THE ECU DRIVER WHEN THE DRIVER IS IN THE OFF POSITION. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ECU FAILURE OR A +28V DC EXTERNAL SHORT TO THE DRIVER.
30	ECU FUEL SOLENOID DRIVER OPEN. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
31	SPARE
32	ECU IGNITION UNIT DRIVER OPEN. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
33	ECU STARTER CIRCUIT DRIVER OPEN. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND

34	AIRPLANE STARTER CIRCUIT FAILED. VOLTAGE WAS FOUND AT THE START MOTOR AT GREATER THAN 93% SPEED OR NO START MOTOR VOLTAGE IS FOUND DURING START CYCLE.
35	START MOTOR FAILED. VOLTAGE EXISTS ON THE START MOTOR OUT NO APU ROTATION IS FOUND AFTER 14.5 SECONDS.
36	BCU SCV DRIVER SHORTED. +28V DC WAS FOUND ON THE ECU DRIVER WHEN THE DRIVER IS IN THE OFF POSITION. THERE IS A POSSIBLE BCU FAILURE OR A +28V DC EXTERNAL SHORT TO THE DRIVER.
37	BCU FUEL CONTROL TORQUE MOTOR DRIVER SHORTED. +28V DC WAS FOUND ON THE ECU DRIVER WHEN THE DRIVER IS IN THE OFF POSITION. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ECU FAILURE OR A +28V DC EXTERNAL SHORT TO THE DRIVER.
38	ECU IGV ACTUATOR DRIVER OPEN. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
39	BCU FUEL CONTROL TORQUE MOTOR DRIVER OPEN. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
40	SPARE
41	FUEL CONTROL TORQUE MOTOR FAILED. THE FUEL CONTROL TORQUE MOTOR CIRCUIT IS OPEN OR SHORTED.
42	IGV ACUTATOR FAILED. THE IGV TORQUE MOTOR OR LVDT IS SHORTED OR OPEN OR COMMANDED IGV POSITION DOES NOT AGREE WITH ACTUAL IGV POSITION BY 10 DEGREES FOR MORE THAN 6 SECONDS (SEE MINIFLAGS 66, 106, 126, AND 127 FIRST IF PRESENT).
43	SURGE CONTROL VALVE TORQUE MOTOR FAILED. THE SURGE CONTROL VALVE TORQUE MOTOR CIRCUIT IS OPEN OR SHORTED.
44	ECU EGT NO.1 SIGNAL CONDITIONER FAILED. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
-	

general section of the section of th

45	ECU EGT NO. 2 SIGNAL CONDITIONER FAILED. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
46	ECU OVERTEMPERATURE TEST FAILURE. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND DURING APU SHUTDOWN.
47	INLET DOOR RELAY FAILED. AN OVERCURRENT WAS FOUND ON THE INLET DOOR RELAY CIRCUIT.
48	ECU FAILED. THIS MINIFLAG INDICATES INTERNAL ECU FAILURES AND IS SET BY MINIFLAGS 3-6, 21, 29-33, 37, 39, 44, 45, 46, 65, 82-89, 98-100, 105 107, 112-119, 121-125 OR 128. IT CAN ALSO BE SET BY MINIFLAGS 36 OR 38.
49 TO 64	SPARE
65	ECU HI WINS SPEED CIRCUIT FAILURE. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
66	IGV POSITION DOES NOT MATCH COMMAND. COMMANDED IGV POSITION DOES NOT AGREE WITH ACTUAL IGV POSITION BY 10 DEGREES FOR MORE THAN 6 SECONDS DURING APU OPERATION.
67 TO 74	SPARE
75	AIRPLANE MAINTENANCE LAMP CIRCUIT OVERCURRENT.
76	AIRPLANE BLEED AIR RELAY OVERCURRENT
77	AIRPLANE GENERATOR AVAILABLE RELAY OVERCURRENT
78	AIRPLANE FAULT RELAY OVERCURRENT.
79 TO 81	SPARE
AND REAL PROPERTY.	

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82	FUEL TORQUE MOTOR OVERCURRENT. THE FUEL CONTROL TORQUE MOTOR CIRCUIT IS SHORTED.
	ECU LCTT CONDITIONER FAILED. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
83	
84	ECU DEOIL SOLENOID DRIVER FAILED OPEN. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
85	SPARE
	DITERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS
86	ECU AIRPLANE BLEED RELAY OPEN. INTERNAL ECU FAILURE WAS FOUND.
87 TO 88	SPARE
•	DERVER SHORTED, +28V DC WAS FOUND ON THE

BCU FUEL SOLENOID DRIVER SHORTED. +28V DC WAS FOUND ON THE BCU DRIVER WHEN THE DRIVER IS IN THE OFF POSITION. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ECU FAILURE OR A +28V DC EXTERNAL SHORT TO THE DRIVER.

90	FUEL SOLENOID CIRCUIT OPEN. THIS MINIFLAG OUTS MINIFLAG 25.
91	IGNITION UNIT CIRCUIT FAILED OPEN. THIS MINIFLAG SETS MINIFLAG 28.
92	ECU IGNITION UNIT DRIVER SHORTED. +28V DC WAS FOUND ON THE ECU DRIVER WHEN THE DRIVER IS IN THE OFF POSITION. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ECU FAILURE OR A +28V DC EXTERNAL SHORT TO THE DRIVER.
93	SPARE
94	ECU BLEED AIR DRIVER SHORTED. +28V DC WAS FOUND ON THE ECU DRIVER WHEN THE DRIVER IS IN THE OFF POSITION. THERE IS A POSSIBLE ECU FAILURE OR A +28V DC EXTERNAL SHORT TO THE DRIVER.

757/767 APU TROUBLESHOOTING

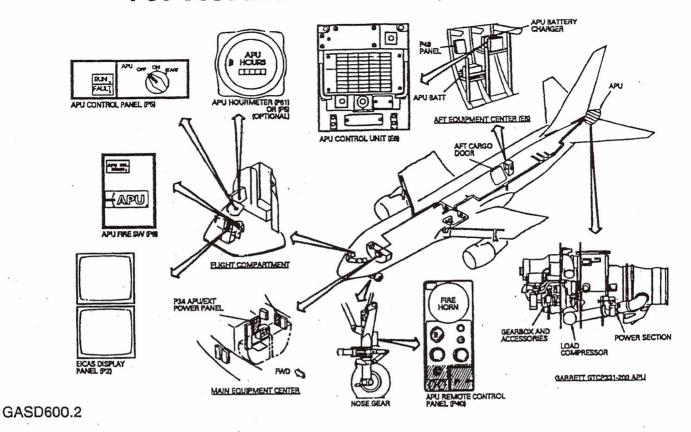
NOTE TO USERS: THIS GUIDE CONTAINS EXTRACTS OF THE APU TRAINING MATERIAL
BASED ON THE AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE MANUAL. IN ALL CASES THE AIRCRAFT
MAINTENANCE MANUAL TAKES PRECEDENCE OVER ANY INFORMATION IN THIS GUIDE.

FOR TRAINING USE ONLY DECEMBER 1992

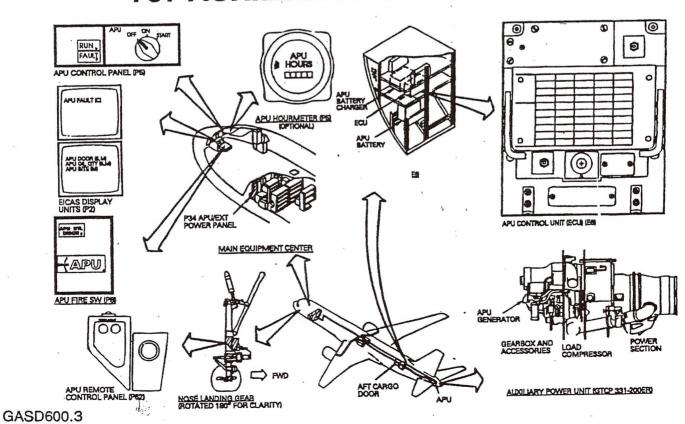
Allied-Signal Aerospace Company



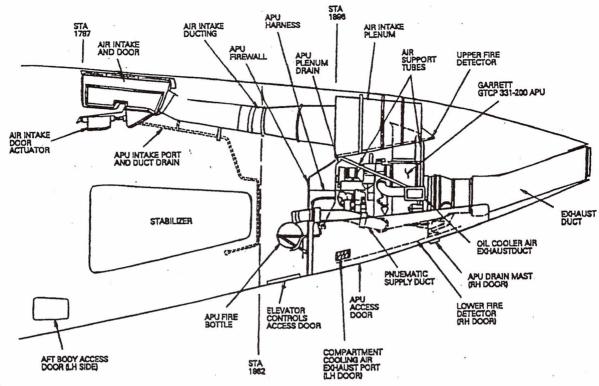
767 AUXILIARY POWER SYSTEM



757 AUXILIARY POWER SYSTEM

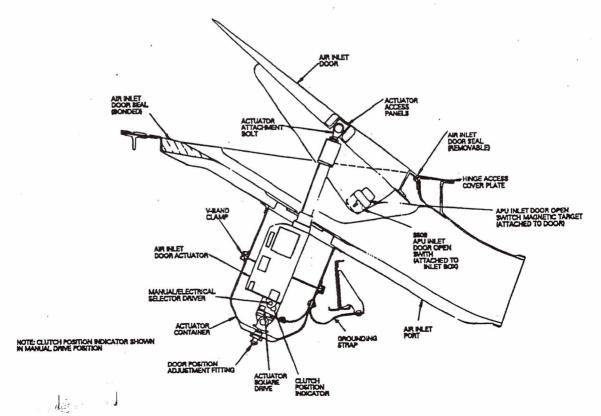


APU INSTALLATION (757 SHOWN - 767 SIMILAR)

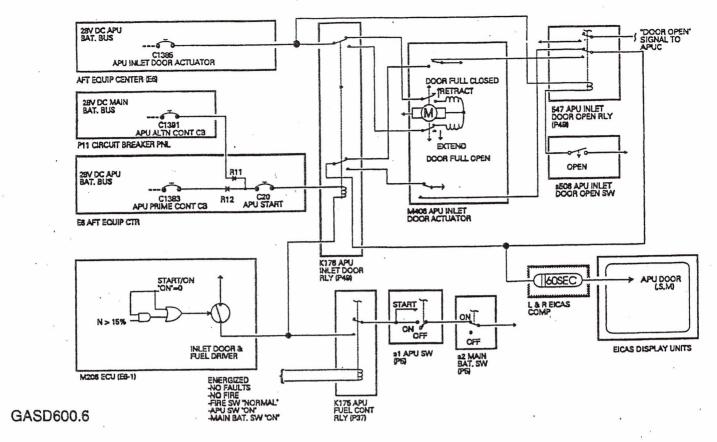


GASD600.4

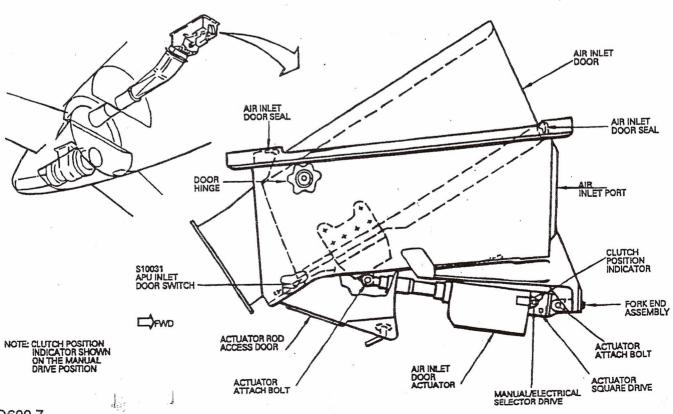
APU AIR INLET DOOR AND ACTUATOR (767)



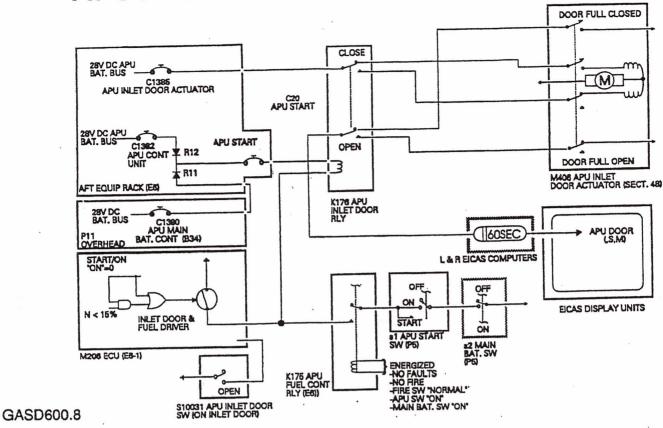
APU AIR INLET DOOR OPERATION (767)



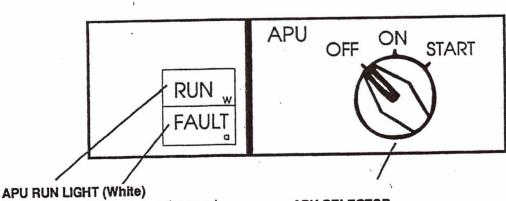
APU AIR INLET DOOR AND ACTUATOR (767)



APU AIR INLET DOOR OPERATION (757)



APU UNIT



Comes on when APU is at operating speed.

APU FAULT LIGHT (Amber)

-When protection circuits detect a

-Momentary during start and normal shutdown when fuel valve is not in commanded position.

13 · 4 ·

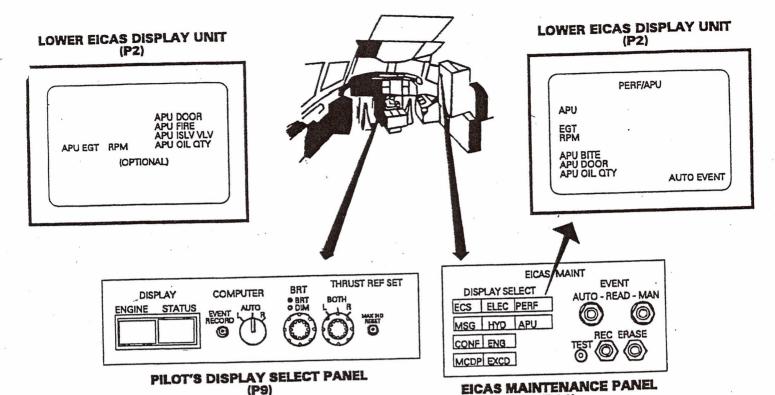
APU SELECTOR

-Operating position. Opens APU inlet door and fuel valve, and if AC power not available starts the DC fuel ON pump. Provides arming circuit for APU bleed valve.

START -Momentary position spring loaded to ON when released. Initiates starting sequence.

-Closes APU bleed valve if open. Initiates 60 second OFF APU cool down cycle. If bleed valve was closed for longer than 60 seconds. APU will shut down Immediately. Resets fault circult.

EICAS DISPLAYS



APU SPEED SWITCH POINTS

(P61)

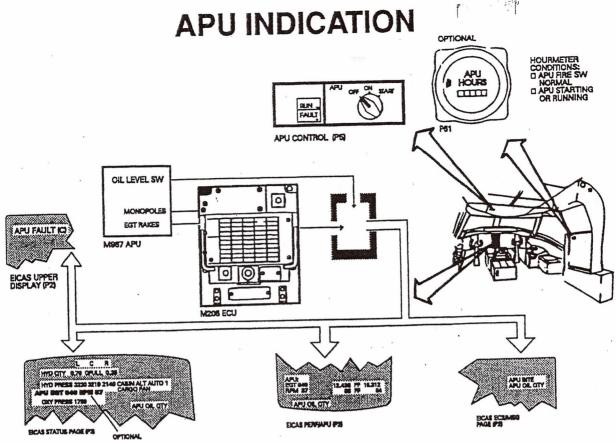
	Start	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH		Percent o	APU Speed		
Loads	Signal	7	50	85	95	107	109
Fuel Solenoid	Off	On				Off	Off
Fuel Torquemotor	Active			·········· ·······		······	Off
gnition	Off	On			Off	Off	Off
Start Relay	On	······· ······	Off**			Off	Off
SCV Torquemotor	Active				·······	·······	
IGV TM	Off				Active*	·······	
Fault Relay							
Generator Load	Off				On*	Off	Off
Available	1		1	ľ	ł	ł .	1
Flow DividerSolenoid	Off	··········· == ········		ON		Οπ	J OII
Bleed Air					On*	Off	Off
Valve Relay	1		1	1		i	1
Deoil Solenoid		1		ł	1		1
APU Shutdown	On****		–		······ - ······		

^{*} After 2 sec. delay.

** For P2 ≤3.29 psia only, for -18 ECU only, starter cutoff will be switched to 55%. For ground starts only, the starter cutoff will be switched to 42-50% engine speed if the engine acceleration is greater than 1% for 3.5 continuous seconds at any time over 35% engine speed.

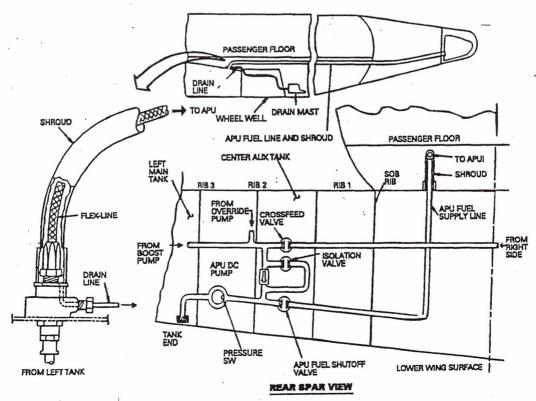
de

Turned off if N <15% and shutdown or stop is in progress.

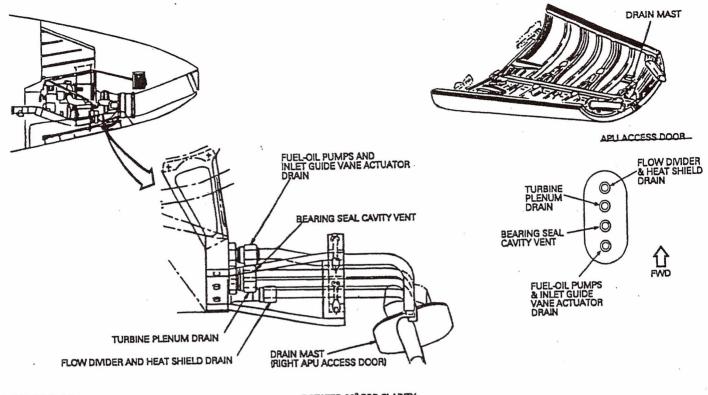


GASD600.12

767 APU FUEL FEED SYSTEM (757 SIMILAR)



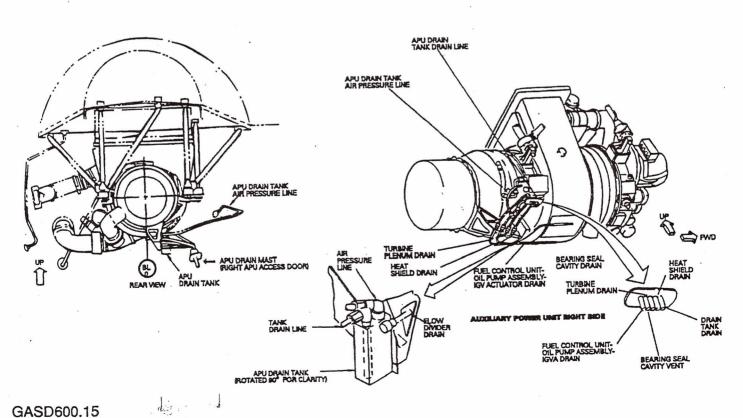
767 APU DRAIN AND VENT ASSEMBLY



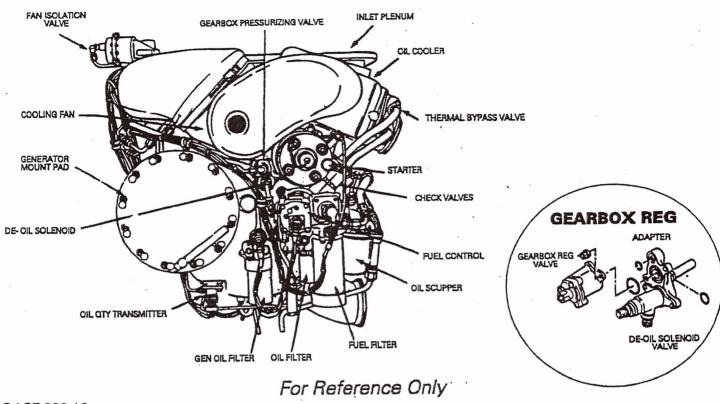
GASD600.14

ROTATED 90° FOR CLARITY

757 APU DRAIN AND VENT ASSEMBLY

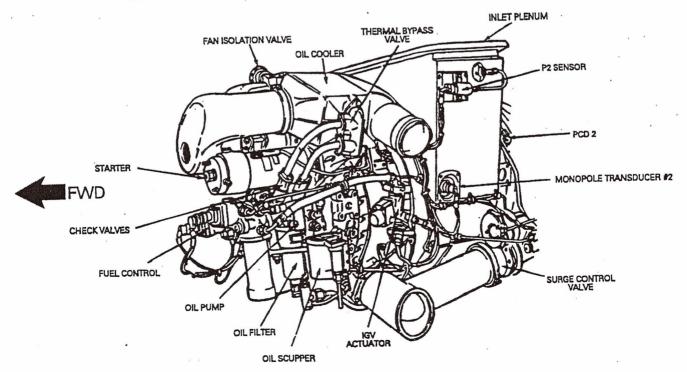


GTCP331-200 FRONT VIEW



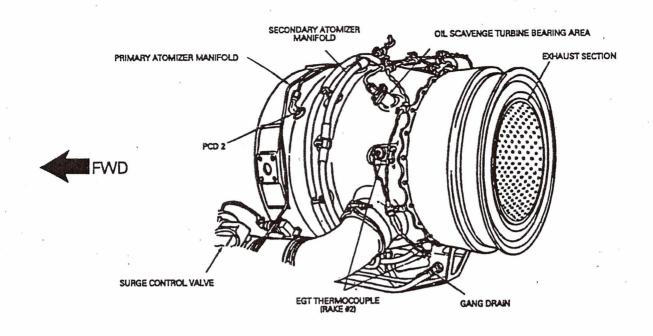
GASD600.16

GTCP331-200 LEFT SIDE VIEW



For Reference Only

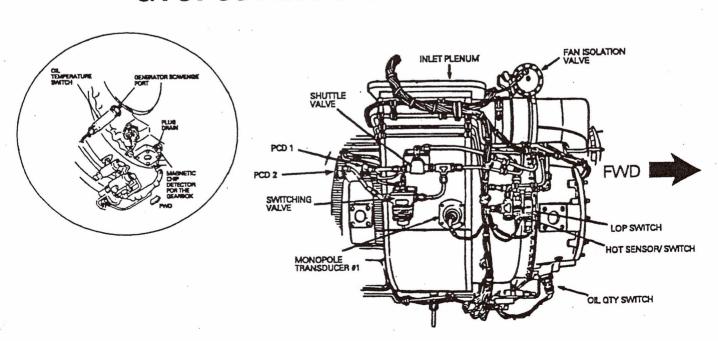
GTCP331-200 LEFT SIDE VIEW



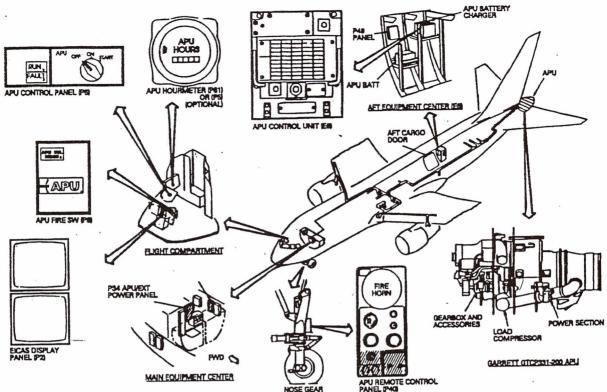
For Reference Only

GASD600.18

GTCP331-200 RIGHT SIDE VIEW

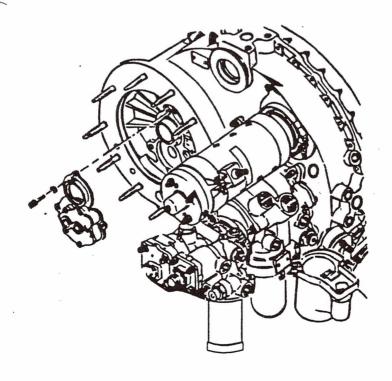


GTCP331-200 LEFT SIDE VIEW

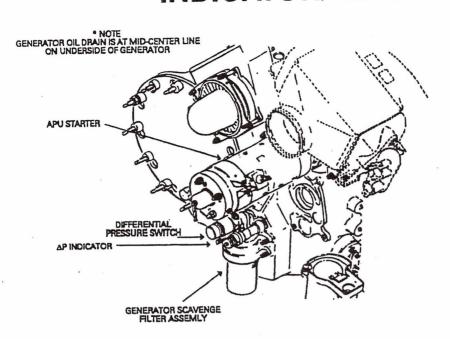


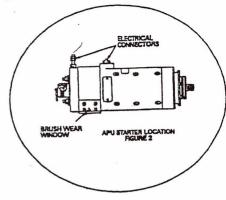
GASD600.20

GENERATOR SCAVENGE PUMP



GENERATOR SCAVENGE FILTER/ ΔP INDICATOR/ ΔP SWITCH



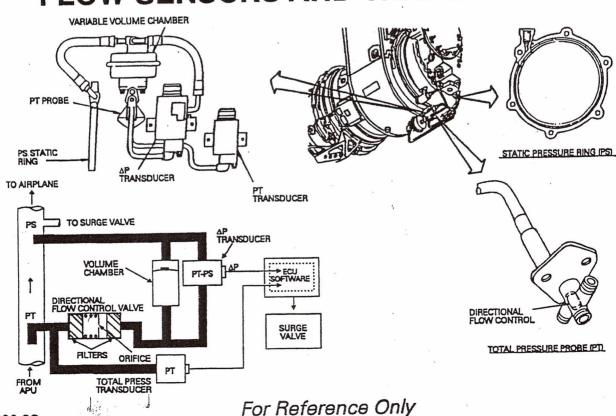


For Reference Only

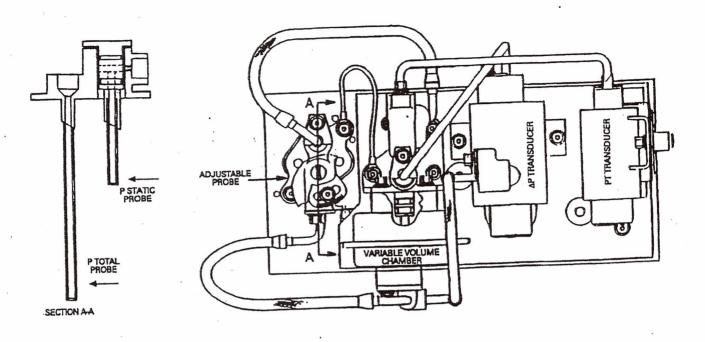
GASD600.22

GASD600 23

FLOW SENSORS AND TRANSDUCERS



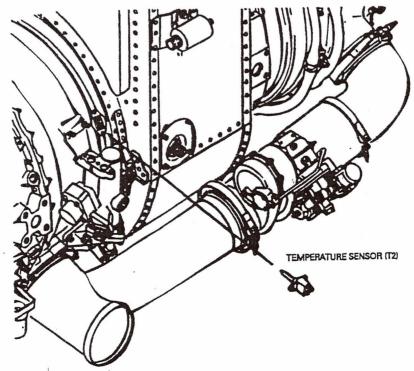
ALTERNATE FLOW SENSOR CONFIGURATION (MODULE ASSEMBLY)



GASD600.24

For Reference Only

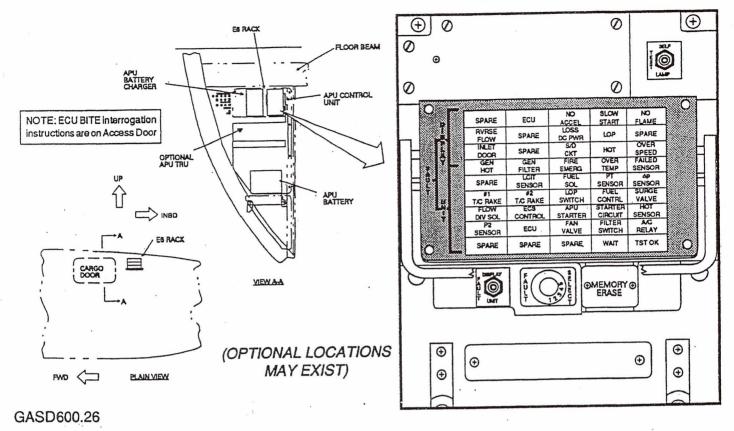
LOAD COMPRESSOR INLET TEMPERATURE SENSOR

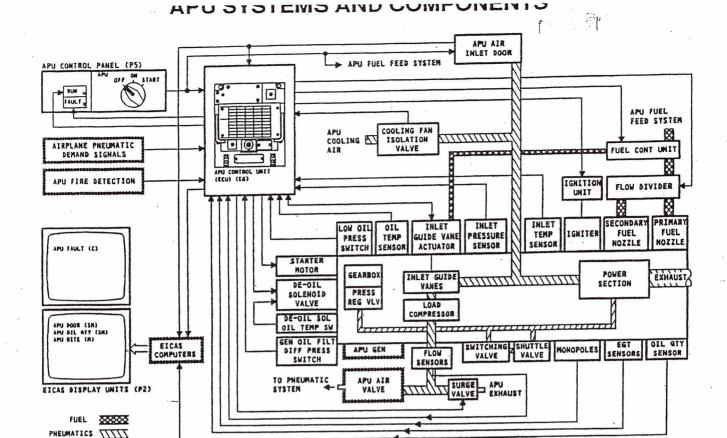


For Reference Only

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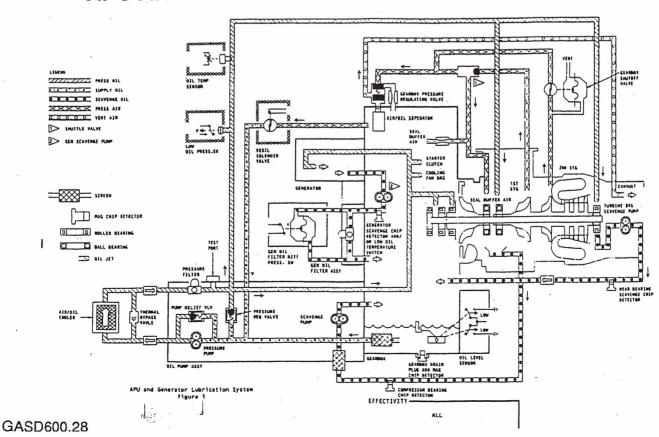
APU CONTROL UNIT (ECU)



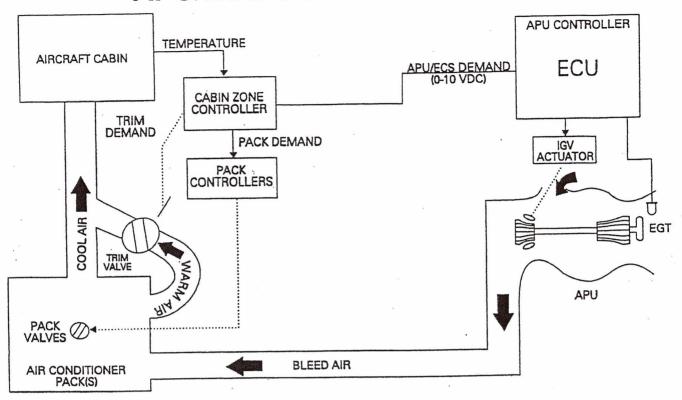


GASD600.27

APU AND GENERATOR LUBRICATION SYSTEM

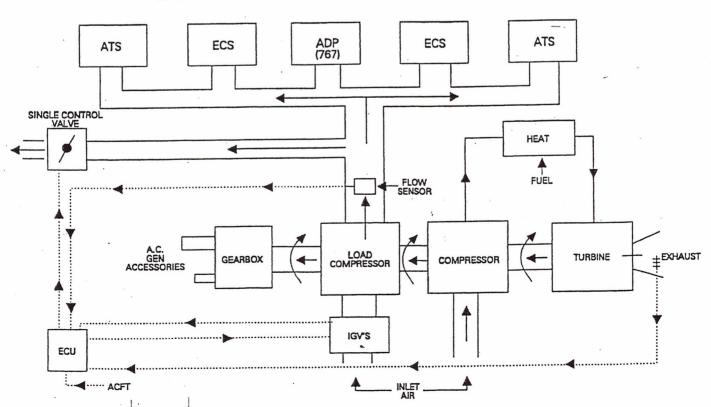


APU/ECS CONTROL LOOPS

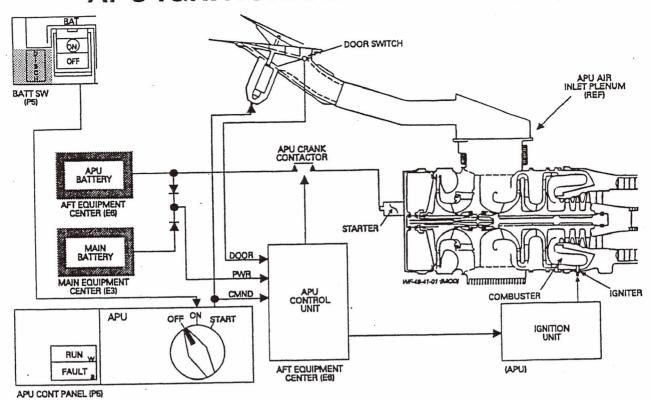


GASD600.29

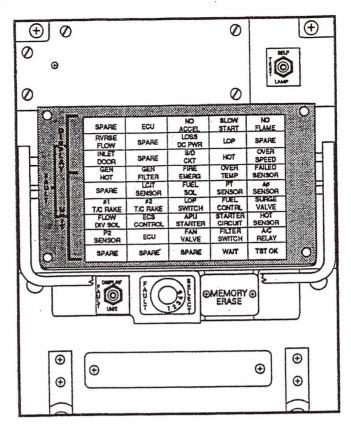
SURGE CONTROL SYSTEM



APU IGNITION/STARTING SYSTEM



ECU FRONT PANEL DISPLAY



GASD600.32

ECU INTERROGATION PROCEDURE

Position <u>TEST</u> switch to <u>LAMP</u> position and hold for approximately 1 second. Record any blocks with faulty lamps.

Position <u>TEST</u> switch to the <u>SELF</u> position and hold for approximately 1 second. The <u>WAIT</u> light will illuminate for 2 seconds and then extinguish. Record any LRU's displayed. If <u>TST OK</u> Illuminates record <u>TST OK</u>.

BOENING AIRCRAFT: Position FAULT SELECT switch to position 1 Position FAULT switch to the DISPLAY position and hold for approximately 1 second. Record FAULT DISPLAY (auto-shutdown on upper matrix) and FAULTY UNIT (LRU on lower matrix). If TST OK illuminates on the lower matrix, record TST OK. To observe previous auto shut-down history, position FAULT SELECT switch to position 2 through 5. Position FAULT switch to the DISPLAY position at each FAULT SELECT switch position (2 through 5) and hold for approximately 1 second. Record FAULT DISPLAY (auto-shutdown on upper matrix) and FAULT UNIT (LRU on lower matrix) at each FAULT SELECT switch position (2 through 5). If TST OK illuminates on the lower matrix, record TST OK, reset FAULT SELECT switch to position 1.

THE SELFTEST BITE ROUTINE is a "REALTIME" test routine performed at the ECU/ECB and checks the electrical integrity of the circuit within the ECU/ECB, and the APU harness, and certain associated LRU's mounted to the APU.

Any <u>FAULTY UNITS</u> (LRU's on lower matrix) illuminated during self test bite routine Indicate a fault within that circuit. The most probable cause of the failure would be the actual LRU's.

THE FAULT DISPLAY BITE ROUTINE is a auto-shutdown "HISTORY" check performed at the ECU/ECS and illuminates the auto-shutdown history on the upper matrix followed by a faulty unit on the lower matrix beginning with the most recent auto-shutdown.

THE FAULTY UNIT BITE ROUTINE is a faulty unit "HISTORY" check performed at the ECU/ECB and illuminates all faulty units (LRU's on lower matrix) that have failed since the last ECU/ECB memory erase was performed. The important thing to note here is, in some cases there will be faulty units (LRU's on lower matrix) that will be illuminated and may be faulty at this time but will not be illuminated during a self test bite interrogation.

THE MEMORY ERASE ROUTINE is a fault display and faulty unit "HISTORY" erase routine performed at the ECU/ECB and Garrett recommends memory erase be used after every corrective action to insure accurate information will be illuminated at the next ECU/ECB bits interrogation.

1

ECU BITE AUTOMATIC SHUTDOWN/START INHIBIT FAULT INDICATIONS

GASD600.34

OVERSPEED

APU speed exceeds 107 percent.

OVERTEMP

EGT exceeds the overtemperature schedule (1150F/621C on speed, higher during starts) for 2 seconds.

LOP

Speed is greater than 95 percent and the LOP signal (from LOP switch) is present long enough to allow pump priming (15.5 seconds in flight, generally 1 second on the ground). For -18 ECU and later, two consecutive LOP shut down buttons on start will blink the LOP light on the ECU front panel (during BITE interrogation) and inhibit further starts until the ECU memory is cleared (ground opperation only).

HOT

Oil temperature has exceeded 310±30F for 10 seconds while over 95 APU speed.

NO FLAME

(1) APU speed has exceeded 7 percent for 14 seconds (30 seconds if P2 is less than 4.69 psia (above approx. 30,000 ft.) and EGT has not exceeded 400±40F.

OF

(2) After the 14 (or 30) second timer has expired EGT decreases below 400F.

FIRE EMERG

A "Fire Shutdown" signal has been received from the aircraft.

SLOW START

After starter energization the APU has not reached 7 percent speed within 30 seconds or 20 percent speed within 50 seconds or 50 percent speed within 70 seconds (100 seconds if P2 is less than 4.69 psia (above approx. 30,000 ft.)).

FAILED SENSOR

(1) Both EGT signals (there are a total of 4 EGT probes with 2 TC's each connected into 2 separate circuits) are sensed as being open (less than -100F) for 1/2 second.

OF

(2) Both speed monopoles are sensed as being failed (will only be flagged if the APU speed exceeds 50 percent when the failure occurs).

INLET DOOR

The "inlet door open" signal from the aircraft has been lost for 1/2 second after the APU speed exceeds 7 Percent. If the inlet door does not open to begin an APU start or the door switch is faulty the APU will not start and there will be no fault displayed.

REVERSE FLOW

APU speed is greater than 50 percent and LCIT has either exceded 400F or has increased at a very rapid rate indicating either a reverse flow from main engine bleed or APU load compressor surge.

NO ACCEL

- (1) During starts when APU speed is between 7 percent and 95 percent, EGT is greater than 400 ±40F, and acceleration is less than 0.2 percent/second for 12.5 seconds.
- (2) On speed APU speed falls below commanded speed and acceleration is less than 0.2 percent/second for 5 seconds.

GASD600.36

GEN FILTER

Oil temperature is greater than 115±15F and the generator oil filter delta P switch is sensed as open for 1/2 second.

DC PWR LOSS

The APU will shutdown if DC power to the ECU is interrupted for more than 50 msec. When power is lost the fault cannot be immediately stored in the memory for the BITE display, so ECU interrogation will not show the DC PWR LOSS fault until after the next start attempt (which is inhibited). Subsequent start attemps will be normal.

S/D CIRCUIT

This fault indicates a sensed internal failure of the ECU overspeed protection circuit which is tested on every normal APU shutdown. This fault trips an internal latch in the ECU which prevents further operation. The ECU must be replaced.

ECU

This fault indicates a sensed internal failure of the ECU which could affect safe operation of the APU. If sensed during operation the APU will shutdown. If sensed during the prestart test the start will be inhibited.

GEN HOT

This light is not used.

die

ECU FAULTY UNIT LAMP DESCRIPTIONS

GASD600.38

LCIT SENSOR

-- Indicates that a failure of the load compressor inlet temperature sensor was detected. The signal from the load compressor inlet temperature sensor is tested for circuit integrity, i.e., that the received signal is greater than -100F. It is tested in all three BITE modes.

FUEL SOL

-- Indicates that a failure of the fuel solenoid was detected The fuel solenoid is energized and tested for open and short circuit conditions during the prestart and self-test BITE modes. In the monitor mode it is tested for overcurrent and if verified for three seconds, the fuel solenoid is de-energized by the ECU.

FUEL SENSOR

-- Indicates that a failure of the total pressure sensor was detected.

The signal from the PT sensor must be between 16.5 and -5.6 psia in the prestart and self-test BITE modes. In the monitor mode the signal must fall between 100 and -10 psia. In addition the PT sensor is compared to the P2 (inlet pressure) sensor during rolldown on every ground shutdown. The PT sensor signal must be within +3 psia of the P2 sensor when the APU is below 12 percent speed. If PT sensorfails, the inlet guide vanes (IGV's) are closed, the surge control valve is opened, and the APU continues to run.

AP SENSOR

-- Indicates that a failure of the differential pressure sensor was detected.

The signal from the differential pressure sensor must be between 0.5 and -0.75 psdi in the prestart and self-test BITE modes. In the monitor mode the signal must fall beween 14 and minus 0.75 psid. If the differential pressure sensor fails, the inlet guide vanes are closed, the surge control valve is opened, and the APU continues to run.

die .

#1 AND #2 SPD SENSOR

Indicates that a failure of the speed sensor switch was detected.

Once APU speed exceeds 50 percent, the speed sensor signal must remain above 30 percent (with a 40 millisecond time delay) unless a shutdown is in progress. The speed sensors are not checked in the prestart or self-test BITE modes. The APU can operate with only one speed sensor.

LOP SWITCH

-- Indicates that a failure of the low oil pressure switch was detected.

The low oil pressure switch is tested for the proper state (open) with the engine off in prestart and self-test BITE modes. If the switch is closed, an LRU fault is recorded in memory and the APU starts and operates without low oil pressure protection. The presence of an LRU failure in memory also causes the ECU to produce a signal to EICAS which results in the display of an APU BITE message.

FUEL CONTROL

-- Indicates that a failure of the fuel control torque motor was detected.

The fuel control torque motor is energized and tested for open and short circuit conditions during the prestart and self-test BITE modes. In the monitor mode it is tested for overcurrent.

SURGE VALVE

Indicates that a failure of the surge valve torque motor was detected.

The surge valve torque motor is energized and tested for open and short circuit conditions during the prestart and self-test BITE modes.

GASD600.40

#1 & #2 T/C RAKE

-- Indicates that a failure of a thermocouple rake was detected.

The thermocouple rakes are tested for circuit integrity (signal greater than -100F) in all BITE modes. Additionally in the monitor mode, when speed is greater than 95 percent and the internal EGT conditioning circuits are operating normally, the #1 and #2 signals are compared. If the signals disagree by more than 150F, the lower T/C RAKE is assumed to have failed.

IGV ACT

Indicates that a failure of the inlet guide vane (IGV) torque motor or LVDT position transducer was detected or the IGVs have not moved to the commanded position.

The IGV torque motor is energized and tested for open and short circuit conditions during the prestant and self-test BITE modes. In all BITE modes, the LVDT primary and secondary voltages are monitored for proper limits. In the monitor BITE mode, the IGV LVDT (feedback) position signal is compared to the commanded position and this light will illuminate if the sensed position does not correspond to the commanded position within 6 seconds. Binding or seized IGVs could also result in this fault light.

IGN UNIT

Indicates that a failure of the ignition unit was detected.

The ignition unit is energized and tested for open and short circuit conditions during the prestart and self-test BITE modes. In the monitor mode it is tested for overcurrent.

DEOIL SOL

-- Indicates that a failure of the deolling solenoid was detected.

The deciling sciencid is energized and tested for open and short circuit conditions during the prestart and self-test BITE modes. In the monitor mode it is tested for overcurrent, and if verified for 3 seconds, the driver is latched off.

FLOW DIV SOL

-- Indicates that a failure of the flow divider solenoid was detected.

The flow divider solenoid is energized and tested for open and short circuit conditions during the prestant and selftest BITE modes. In the monitor mode it is tested for overcurrent, and if verified for 3 seconds, the driver is latched off.

ECS CONTROL

Indicates that a failure of the ECS demand signal from the aircraft air conditioning system was detected.

In the monitor mode when operation in the ECS pneumatic mode, the ECS demand signal from the aircraft cabin temperature controller must be between 0.3 and 9.9 vdc. If the demand signal is outside these limits, the inlet guide vanes are positioned to the maximum ECS limit position.

APU STARTER

-- Indicates that a failure of the starter motor was detected.

In the monitor mode when voltage is applied to the starter motor, APU speed must exceed 7 percent within 30 seconds or the starter is assumed to have failed. Loss of the signal from both speed monopoles will also result in this fault light due to lack of speed signal being interpreted as no APU rotation (the monopoles cannot be faulted until the APU exceeds 50 percent speed).

STARTER CIRCUIT

-- Indicates that a failure of the aircraft starter circuit (relays, contactor, wiring) was detected.

In the monitor mode, the aircraft starter circuit is assumed to have failed if the starter relay is energized, speed is below 20 percent and no voltage is detected at the starter motor for 5 seconds or the start relay is not energized, speed is above 95 percent, and voltage is still detected at the starter motor.

GASD600.42

HOT SENSOR

Indicates that a failure of the oil temperature sensor was detected.

In all BITE modes, the signal from the oil temperature sensor must be between -100F and 482F. After a failure, the APU continues to operate but without oil temperature shutdown protection. The ECU programs the oil temperature to 60F initially, and to 120F after 3 minutes of operation.

P2 SENSOR

Indicates that a failure of the ambient pressure sensor was detected.

In the prestart and self-test BITE modes, the signal from the P2 sensor must be between 16.5 and 1.7 psia. In the monitor mode the P2 signal must be between 20 and -2 psia. If the P2 sensor falls, the ECU programs P2 to be 13.66 psia on the ground and programs P2 as a function of PT when in flight. Also in-flight, a P2 sensor failure causes the inlet guide vanes to be closed and the surge control valve to be opened.

ECU

-- Indicates that an internal ECU failure was detected.

die

The ECU performs extensive self-tests on its internal circuitry in all modes of BITE and APU operation. This fault light indicates that the ECU failed one or more of those tests. If this light is illuminated the APU will continue to be operable (possibly in a degraded mode depending on the specific failure) unless the failure affects the ability to safely operate the APU. In which case it will result in an automatic shutdown or a start inhibit and an "ECU" light on the automatic shutdown fault display.

FAN VALVE

-- Indicates that a failure of the fan valve or the fan valve switch is detected.

The fan valve switch is checked for the proper state (open, indicating that the valve is closed) with the APU not running in the prestart and self-test BITE modes. In the monitor mode, the fan valve switch is tested for the proper state (closed, indicating that the valve is open) when the speed is greater than 95 percent with a 5 second time delay. The fan valve may also fail to open, resulting in this fault light if the muscle air supply to the valve is plugged, leaking, or disconnected.

FILTER SWITCH

-- Indicates that a failure of the generator oil filter differential pressure switch was detected.

The filter switch is tested for the normal (closed) state with the APU off in the prestart and self-test BITE modes. If the switch has falled, the APU will start and run without generator clogged filter protection.

A/C RELAY

- Indicates that a failure of the aircraft relay was detected.

The aircraft relay is tested for an overcurrent condition continuously in the monitor mode of BITE. If an overcurrent is present for 3 seconds, the ECU de-energizes the relay. The A/C relay controls the fuel supply to the APU, and when de-energized, would cause the APU to shutdown.

MINI-FLAG DESCRIPTION

The ECU offers another troubleshooting tool in addition to the front panel BITE lamp display. This tool, called Mini-Flags, was primarily intended for bench troubleshooting of the ECU and is comprised of 128 numerical fault codes (1 through 128) which identify detected faults external to the ECU corresponding to the front panel FAULTY UNIT lamps as well as a comprehensive breakdown of internal ECU failure modes to aid shop personnel in repair of the ECU. THERE ARE NO APU COMPONENTS (EXCEPT THE ECU IN RARE CASES) WHICH WILL BE SHOWN AS FAULTY IN THE MINI-FLAGS THAT ARE NOT ALSO IDENTIFIED AN THE FRONT PANEL FAULTY UNIT DISPLAY. There are several ECU failure modes (identified in the fault code table) which do not affect normal APU operation, but will provide a Mini-Flag code. There are also several very rare ECU failure modes which do affect APU operation and provide a Mini-Flag code without lighting the front panel ECU lamp.

In all cases except RAM or ROM failure of the ECU, the front panel FAULTY UNIT lamp "ECU" will correspond to Mini-Flag number 48 "Failed ECU". In the case of RAM or ROM failure the front panel lamp will illuminate, but there will be no Mini-Flag.

MINI-FLAG INTERROGATION PROCEDURE

The Mini-Flag faults are stored in memory such that interrogation will display all faults accumulated since the last time the ECU memory was cleared via the MEMORY ERASE switch. There is no way to determine when the fault was detected.

Reading the Mini-Flags can be tricky and requires concentration. It is necessary to have pencil and paper at hand to quickly record the codes and it may be necessary to interrogate the ECU more than once to successfully record all of the faults. In most cases there will be more than one since most of the internal ECU faults also produce fault code number 48 "Failed ECU".

Mini-Flag interrogation is performed by holding the LAMP TEST switch down through the entire lamp test procedure and continuing to hold it until all of the Mini-Flag codes have been displayed. Approximately 10 seconds after the last lamp column has illuminated the ECU will start to display Mini-Flag codes one at a time using the front panel lamps as a matrix to form numbers and letters. It is necessary to tilt your head to the right to read the codes which will be displayed sideways on the panel. If the there are no Mini-Flag faults in memory, the ECU will display "OK" (see figure 1). If there are Mini-Flag faults in memory they will be displayed one at a time in numerical order (from lowest number to highest). Each number is displayed for only four seconds. Figure 2 shows the number 128 as an example of how the codes will appear.

GASD600.45

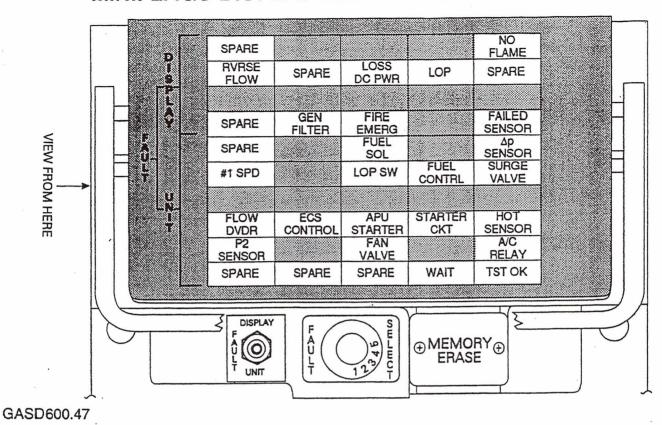
TROUBLESHOOTING USING MINI-FLAGS

Each Mini-Flag code corresponds to a specific detected fault as shown in the table For each FAULT CODE the table show the corresponding front panel (BITE LAMP) lamp that will bi illuminated along with the meaning of the fault (MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION) and the component(s) that may cause the fault (PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)). The PROBABLE FAULTY UNITS are listed in order of probability with the most likely cause shown first.

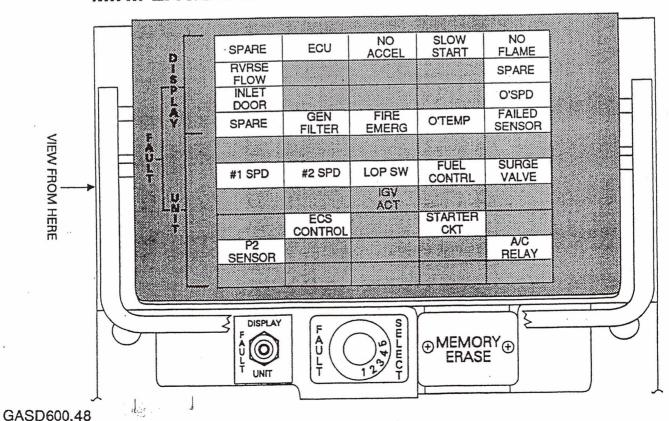
NOTE: Any fault with PROBABLE FAULTY UNITS other than the ECU could be caused by the listed component, the ECU, or the wiring in between.

NOTE: ECU in the PROBABLE FAULTY UNITS column indicates that although an internal failure of the ECD has been detected it will not affect normal APU operation.

MINIFLAGS DISPLAY INDICATORS FORM AN "OK"



MINIFLAGS DISPLAY INDICATORS FORM AN "128"



						**	
FAULT CODE	BITE LAMP	MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)	FAULT	BITE LAMP	MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)
1	#1 SPD	Failed speed Input 1	#1 Monopole(right) or	13	none	Spare	none
	SENSOR		ECU	14	PT SENSOR	Failed PT pressure transducer	PT Transducer or ECU
2	#2 SPD SENSOR	Failed speed input 2	#2 Monopole(left) or . ECU				Delta P Transducer or
3	ECU	Failed speed input 3	ECU	15	P SENSOR	Failed Delta P pressure transducer	ECU
4	ECU	Failed N/DC converter 1	ECU	16	P2 SENSOR	Failed P2 pressure transducer	P2 Transducer or ECU
5	ECU	Failed N/DC converter 2 .	ECU	17	FILTER	Generator oil filter switch	Gen Filter Switch or
6	ECU	Failed N/DC converter 3	ECU		SWITCH	falled open	ECU
7	none	Spare	none	18	FAN VALVE	Failed fan valve switch	Fan Valve Switch or ECU
8.	none	Spare	none	19	LOP	LOP switch failed closed	LOP Switch or
9	LCIT	Failed LCIT sensor	LCIT Sensor or ECU		SWITCH		ECU
	SENSOR	•		20	none	Spare	none .
io a	HOT SENSOR	Failed oil temp sensor	Oil Temp Sensor or ECU	21	ECU	Failed flow divider driver (energized)	ECU
11	#1 T/C RAKE	Failed EGT1 thermocouple	#1 EGT Rake(left) or ECU	22	GEN FILTER	Clogged generator filter	Generator Filter or Gen Filter Switch or ECU
12	#2 T/C	Failed EGT2 thermoccuple RAKE	#2 EGT Rake(left) or ECU	23	ECS CONTROL	Failed ECS demand input	Zone Temp Control or ECU

GASD600.49

FAULT	BITE LAMP	MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)	FAULT CODE		MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)
24	none	Spare	none	35	APU STARTER	Failed starter motor	Starter Motor or Starter Clutch or
25	FUEL SOL	Failed fuel solenoid	Fuel Shutoff Sol ECU		SIANIEN		APU (siezed) or Monopoles or ECU
26	DEOIL	Failed de-oil solenoid	De-oil solenoid or				
	SOL		ECU	36	ECU	Failed surge control valve driver (energized)	ECU
27	FLOW	Failed flow divider solenold	Flow divider or			,	
	DIV SOL		ECU	37	ECU	Failed fuel torque driver (energized)	ECU
28	IGN	Failed ignition unit	Ignition Unit or			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	UNIT	,	ECU	38	ECU	Failed IGA actuator driver (energized)	ECU
29	ECU	Failed de-oil solenoid	ECU			•	
		driver (energized)		39	ECU	Failed fuel torque motor driver (non-energized)	ECU
30	ECU	Falled fuel solenoid	ECU		5	•	
	**	driver (non-energized)	7	40	none	Spare	none
31	none	Spare	none	41	FUEL CONTROL	Falled fuel torque motor	Fuel control or ECU
32	ECU.	Failed ignition driver	ECU		001111102		<u>.</u> 3
		(non-energized)		42	IGV ACT	Failed IGV Actuator	IGA Actuator or IGA Assy/Linkage or
33	ECU	Failed starter driver low (non-energized)	ECU		701		ECU
		(43	SURGE	Failed surge control	Surge Valve or
34	STARTER	Failed aircraft starter	Start relays or	40	VALVE	valve torque motor	ECU

13

Falled EGT1 signal conditioner Falled EGT1 signal conditioner Falled EGT2 signal conditioner Falled condit		FAULT CODE	BITE LAMP	MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)	FAULT CODE	BITE LAMP	MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)
Falled EGT2 signal conditioner 46 none Failed overtemperature lest		44	ECU		ECU	76	none		ECU
Failed overtemperature test 79 none Spare none AC RELAY AC RELAY Failed ECU. This message is generated by any of the other faults which light the ECU lamp Anone Spare none Spare none BCU Failed ECU. This message is generated by any of the other faults which light the ECU lamp ACC RELAY Failed ECU. This message is generated by any of the other faults which light the ECU lamp ACC RELAY Failed ECU. This message is generated by any of the other faults which light the ECU lamp BCU BCU Failed LCIT amplifier ECU Failed de-oil solenoid driver (non-energized) FAILED BERT NONE FAILED BERT NO		45	ECU	470 N. (1971), 1971	ECU	77	none		ECU
test 79 none Spare none AC RELAY Failed S/D relay Aircraft S/D Relay 80 none LOP lamp overcurrent "ECU 81 none HOT lamp overcurrent "ECU 82 none Spare none through none Spare none 84 ECU Failed LCIT amplifier ECU 85 none Spare none 86 none Spare none 87 none Spare none 88 none Spare none 89 none 80 none LOP lamp overcurrent "ECU 80 none Spare none 81 none Spare none 82 none Spare none 83 ECU Failed LCIT amplifier ECU 85 none Spare none 86 none Spare none 86 none Spare none 87 none Spare none 88 none Spare none 89 none 89 pare none 89 none 89 pare none 89 pare none 80 pare 80 none 80 none 80 pare 80 none 80 pare 80 none 80 pare 80 none 80 pare 80 pare 80 none 80 pare		46	none	Failed overtemperature	***ECU	78	none	Fault relay overcurrent	***ECU
RELAY RECU Relad LCIT amplifier Recu Recu Relad LCIT amplifier Recu Rec				The state of the s		79	none	Spare	none .
HOT lamp overcurrent series		47		Failed S/D relay	Aircraft S/D Relay	80	none	LOP lamp overcurrent	ECU
is generated by any of the other faults which light the ECU lamp 49 none Spare none 49 none Spare none 50 ECU Failed speed High - Wins circuit 66 none Spare none 50 Spare none 67 none 50 Spare none 68 none 50 Spare none 69 none 50 Spare none 60 none 50 Spare none 60 none 50 Spare none 61 none 50 Spare none 62 none 63 none 50 Spare none 64 none 50 Spare none 65 ECU 66 none 50 Spare 50 None 60 None	•				FOUL	81	none	HOT lamp overcurrent	***ECU
ECU lamp Spare none			ECU	is generated by any of the		82	none	Spare	none
through 64 none Spare none 65 ECU Failed speed High - Wins circuit 66 none Spare none 67 none Spare none 68 none Spare none 68 none Spare none 69 none Spare none 69 none Spare none 60 none Spare none 60 none Spare none 61 none Spare none 62 none Spare none 63 none Spare none 64 none Spare none 65 none Spare none 66 none Spare none 67 none Spare none 68 none Spare none 69 ECU Failed fuel soleniod ECU						83	ECU	Failed LCIT amplifier	ECU
85 none Spare none 65 ECU Falled speed High - Wins circuit 86 none Falled bleed air driver (non-energized) 66 none Spare none 87 none Spare none 88 none Spare none 74 none Spare none 88 none Spare none 75 none Maintenance lamp 85 none Spare none 86 none Falled bleed air driver (non-energized) 87 none Spare none 88 none Spare none 89 ECU Falled fuel soleniod ECU			none	Spare	none	84	ECU		ECU
circuit 86 none Failed bleed air driver (non-energized) 66 none Spare none 87 none Spare none through 74 none Spare none 88 none Spare none 75 none Maintenance lamp ***ECU 89 ECU Failed fuel soleniod ECU		64	none	Spare	none	85	none	Spare	none
through 74 none Spare none 88 none Spare none 75 none Maintenance lamp ****ECU 89 ECU Falled fuel soleniod ECU		65	ECU		ECU .	86	none		ECU
74 none Spare none 88 none Spare none 75 none Maintenance lamp ****ECU 89 ECU Falled fuel soleniod ECU			none	Spare	none	87	none	Spare	none
10 Hold Hall hold sold hold hold sold hold hold sold hold hold sol		-	none	Spare	none	88	none	Spare	none
		75	none		***ECU	89	ECU		ECU

NOTE: ***ECU indicates that although an internal failure of the ECU has been detected it will not affect normal APU operation. GASD600.51

FAULT CODE	BITE LAMP	MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)	FAULT CODE	BITE LAMP	MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)	
90	none	Spare	none .	103	none	Failed IGV D/A	ECU	
91	none	Spare	none	104	none	Failed surge valve D/A	ECU	
92	ECU	Failed ignition driver (energized)	ECU	105	ECU	Falled IGV driver (non-energized)	ECU	
93	none	Spare	none	106	IGV ACT	Failed IGV actuator torque motor	IGV actuator or ECU	
94	none	Failed bleed air driver (energized)	***ECU	107	ECU	Failed surge valve driver (non-energized)	ECU	
95	ECU	Falled flow divider driver (non-energized)	ECU	108	none	Spare	none	
96	none	Spare	none	109	none	Falled fuel torque motor driver wrap around	***ECU	
97	ECU	Failed starter relay driver (energized)	ECU	110	none	Falled IGV torque motor driver wrap around	***ECU	
98	none	Spare	none	111	none	Failed surge valve torque	***ECU	
99	none .	Failed bleed air driver (non-energized)	ECU			motor driver wrap around		
100	enon	Failed bleed air driver	***ECU	112	none	Failed ECU mag latch relay	***ECU	
		(energized)		113	none	Spare	none	
101	none	Spare	none	114	none	Failed stop timer	***ECU	
102	none	Failed fuel D/A	ECU	115	none	Spare	none	

NOTE: **ECU indicates that although an internal fallure of the ECU has been detected it will not affect normal APU operation.

FAUL		MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)	FAULT CODE	BITE LAMP	MINI-FLAG INTERPRETATION	PROBABLE FAULTY UNIT(S)
116	ECU	Failed +15 vdc power supply	ECU	122	ECU	Failed +10 vdc power supply (high)	ECU
117	ECU	Failed -10 vdc power	ECU	123	ECU	Failed 0 v reference (low)	ECU
		supply		124	ECU	Failed 0 v reference (high)	ECU
118	ECU	Failed -15 vdc power supply	ECU	125	none	Spare	none
119	ECU	Failed +5 vdc power supply	ECU	126	none	Failed IGV LVDT BITE Voltage	***ECU
120	ECU	Failed pressure reference power supply	ECU	127	none	Failed IGV LVDT secondary	ECU
121	ECU	Failed +10 vdc power supply (low)	ECU	128	ECU	Failed IGV LVDT primary excitation voltage	ECU

NOTE: ***ECU indicates that aithough an internal failure of the ECU has been detected it will not affect normal APU operation.

Troubleshooting Procedures

No.	<u>Symptom</u>
1	NO START
2	AUTO SHUTDOWN FROM ON-SPEED OPERATION
2A	LOP
2B	HOT
2C	REVERSE FLOW
2D	NO ACCEL
2E .	OVER SPEED
2F	OVER TEMP
2G	DC PWR LOSS
2H	FAILED SENSOR
21	GEN FILTER
2 J	INLET DOOR
2K	FIRE EMERG
2L	ECU

GASD600.54

Troubleshooting Procedures (Contd)

No.	Symptom
3	PNEUMATIC SYSTEM PROBLEMS
3A	NO DUCT PRESSURE
3B	LOW DUCT PRESSURE - ALL MODES
3C	LOW DUCT PRESSURE - SOME MODES
3D	FLUCTUATING DUCT PRESSURE
4	OIL/FUEL SYSTEM PROBLEMS
4A	HIGH OIL CONSUMPTION
4B	FUEL OR OIL LEAKS FROM DRAIN MAST
4C	APU OIL LEVEL CHANGES
4D	FUEL IN THE OIL
4E	LOW OIL QUANITITY MESSAGE
5	APU GENERATOR FAILS TO LOAD OR DROPS OFF LINE

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PROCEDURE 1

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
No Start	Attempt to start APU. Note minimum battery voltage, EGT and speed at shutdown. If battery voltage drops below 18V	Discharged battery	
No rotation	Run light does not blink twice after activating start switch. Run lights blinks,but APUdoes not crank with no APU fauit light. "APU DOOR" message on EICAS after 60 seconds	Start switch No power to ECU APU inlet door not opening Inlet door switch Inlet door actuator	Door open Door closed
	APU fault light - check ECU BITE	Component identified by ECU BITE: ECU, #1 and #2 T/C RAKE, FUEL CONTROL, FUEL SOL, IGN UNIT, FAN VALVE	BITE indication for any component can be caused by the component, the ECU or the wiring in between
	ECU BITE Faulty Unit Light is "APU Starter"		ECU sees voltage at starter with no speed indication
	Starter appears damaged, burned or brushwear indicator shows less than 1/8 inch Hand cranking APU through starter is not easy Starter rotates when removed from APU, APU does not APU rotates by hand but not during start During start attempt, APU rotates with no speed indication	Starter Starter APU Starter clutch, starter Speed monopoles, wiring	Internal drag

GASD600.56

PROCEDURE 1 (Contd)

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
No rotation	ECU BITE Faulty Unit Light is "STARTER CIRCUIT"	Aircraft start circuit (relays, wiring battery)	ECU powers aircraft start relay but no voltage is detected at starter
APU rotates with no EGT rise ("NO FLAME" on BITE")	Ignitor plug cannot be heard firing during start. Perform ECU BITE check.	Ignition unit Ignition lead Ignitor plug ECU Wiring	
	Fuel is not available at FCU inlet Disconnect fuel control to flow divider line. Fuel does not flow when APU is motored.	Aircraft fuel system ECU fuel filter FCU	
	More than 1 cup flows in 15 seconds.	Oll Pump FCU ECU	Shaft Sheared
E.	Disconnect secondary manifold output from flow divider and motor APU (ignition unit disconnected). More than 15 drops comes from flow divider secondary port or drain port while starter energized.	Flow divider	internal leak
,	Fuel supply and ignition are good.	Primary fuel manifold	Coked or plugged nozzles
APU lights off but does not reach governed speed ("SLOW START", "NOACCEL", "OVERTEMP" on BITE)	Shutdown occurs below 45 percent speed and max EGT exceeds 700C. Visually inspect starter for damaged burned or brushwear indicator shows less than 1/8 inch	Starter	

· NOTE:

If APU FAULT light illuminates when start is initiated and does not extinguish, APU fuel shutoff valve in left wing may not be open

PROCEDURE 1 (Contd)

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
APU lights off but does not reach governed speed ("SLOW START" 'NOACCEL", "OVERTEMP" on BITE) (Contd)	Hand cranking APU through starter is not easy	Starter Generator APU	Internal drag Internal drag
	APU does not rotate or does not rotate smoothly with starter hand rotation	Starter clutch	
	Disconnect fuel solenoid and motor APU, APU does not reach 16% speed even though hand cranking is free	Starter Starter clutch	
	Excesssive noise from gearbox during motoring	Start relay, K-197 Start contactor, K-117	Chattering contacts Disconnect APU battery cable prior to replacing
	Visually inspect IGV's and linkage	IGV's broken/missing Linkage damaged worn	Réplace APU Repair
	IGV's partially open with acuator rod fully extended (1 inch)	lGV rigging	Recommend rerigging inAPU shop or test cell
	 IGV actuator rod not fully extended(1 inch) with IGV's/linkage not binding 	IGV actuator	
	IGV pull check exceeds 50 pounds With IGV linkage cover removed,	IGV assembly ECU	Replace APU
	observe if IGV's actuate open during start	Ignition Unit	EMI source
	 Check APU inlet screen for obstruction Check flow divider for internal leakage per NO EGT RISE procedure 	Inlet screen blockage Flow divider	9

GASD600.58

PROCEDURE 1 (Contd)

PROCEDURE I (Conta)				
Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes •	
APU lights off but does not reach governed speed ("SLOW START" 'NO ACCEL", "OVERTEMP" on BITE) (Contd)	If all above checks are good, these LRU's could cause the problem with no good isolation procedure	FCU ECU Primary fuel manifold	Coked or plugged nozzles	
	Shutdown occurs above 45% speedand max EGT exceeds 700C Troubleshooting is same as above except starter and starter clutch can be eliminated EGT does not reach 700C during falled start Check flow divider for internal leakage per NOEGT RISE procedure These LRU's could cause the problem with no good isolation procedure	Flow divider P2 sensor FCU ECU Primary fuel manifold	Calibration shift	
APU does not start in- flight or immediatly after landing, but starts normally otherwise	Reported no EGT rise with shutdown below 25% speed ("NO FLAME" on BITE) Check flow divider for internal leakage per NO EGT RISE procedure Check tube from inlet plenum to P2 sensor and port in plenum for blockage (high altitude no-starts only)	Flow divider Blocked tube		

1

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
APU does not start in- flight or immediatly after landing, but starts normally otherwise (Contd)	These LRU's can cause the problem with no good isolation procedure	FCU ECU P2 sensor Primary fuel manifold Ignition unit	Calibration shift
	Reported APU light -off, but does not reach governed speed ("SLOW START","NO ACCEL", or "OVERTEMP" on BITE) Perform ECU BITE check. If DEOIL SOL light If not flagged the deoil solenoid may still be faulty. It can be checked by applying 24-28V across solenoid pins to see if it	Deoil solenoid Wiring Deoil solenoid	Electronically faulty Mechanically faulty
	actuates If EGT exceeded 850C or "OVERTEMP" on BITE Otherwise troubleshoot per APU LIGHT OFF BUT DOES NOT REACH GOVERNED SPEED ground procedure	P2 sensor FCU ECU	Calibration Shift (high altitude only)

GASD600.60

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Automatic shutdown from on-speed operation	Perform ECU BITE check. There are 12 possible automatic shutdowns from onspeed operation that will be displayed in the "FAULT DISPLAY". (DC PWR LOSS will not be displayed until another start attempts is made following the autoshutdown.) Most of the shutdown faults can be caused by one or more of the possible "FAULTY UNITS" that may be displayed on the lower panel For shutdowns that do not have an associated FAULTY UNIT or are not cured by diagnosis f the displayed FAULTY UNIT go to the troubleshooting procedure for the displayed shutdown fault.	FAULTY UNIT from BITE display	Most may be caused by displayed unit. ECU, or wiring in between
	following: Attempt to start APU. If it will not start go to "NO START" troubleshooting procedure (1) Autoshutdown occurs within 20 seconds of reaching 95 percent speed with sped below 102 percent and egt below 600C go to "LOP" followed by "HOT" troubleshooting procedures (2A and 2B) Idle EGT exceeds 370C Speed droops when load is applied EGT fluctuates rapidly	APU internal damage FCU P2 sensor ECU EGT Sensors/Wiring	Replace APU Calibration shift

PROCEDURE 2 (Contd)

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Automatic shutdown from on-speed operation (Contd)	· EGT exceeds 600C at shutdown	FCU	
(Gonic)	Speed exceeds 105 percent FCU Shutdown occurs during bleed load go to "REVERSE FLOW" troubleshooting procedure (2C) Autoshutdown is followed by inhibited start. Cycle APU switch to "OFF" followed by another start attempt. If second attempt is inhibited, go to "LOP" troubleshooting procedure (2A) if second attempt is allowed, go to "DC PWR LOSS" troubleshooting procedure (2G)	ECU	
	Shutdowns occur after more than 15 minutes of operation under heavy load, go to "HOT" troubleshooting procedure (2B) Shutdowns occur randomly. If fault repeats after ECU replacement and connector check shutdown fault from ECU BITE is crucial for further troubleshooting	ECU	Check connectors for bent or broken pins

GASD600.62

PROCEDURE 2A

Symptom	PROCEDURE 2A	Probable Cause	Notes
Symptom	Toolation ()		
Autoshutdown - LOP	Check APU oil level If low If overserviced, remove excess oil	Low oil leve leakage/consumtion Overservice	Check APU for Check for fuel odor
	Start APU (after oil level confirmed good) and operate in ECS mode. (Start may be inhibited until ECU memory is cleared) If APU operates more than 20 seconds after reaching 95 percent sped before LOP shutdown If LOP autoshutdown occurs within 20 seconds after 95 percent speed, check oil filter Connect pressure gauge to lube pump discharge test port Oil pressure is greater than 40 psig Oil pressure is less than 60 psig	LOP switch Oil foaming Oil filter LOP switch Wiring ECU Lube pump Deoil solenoid valve Oil cooler, lines or Check valves APU	Intermittent contact Contamination Plugged Calibration shift Stuck open (confirm by removing and visually inspecting) Plugged Internal leak

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PROCEDURE 2B

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Autoshutdown -HOT	Check oil cooler air path for dirt/plugging	Dirty oil cooler	Check cooling fan for oil leak
	Check air path from inlet screen in APU plenum to oil cooler discharge from airplane for obstructions or leaks	Blocked inlet screen plugged, collapsed or delaminated ducts	If cooling fan inlet duct delaminated, check fan isolation valve for proper muscle air supply operation.
	Cooling fan is broken or does not rotate with APU rotation.	Cooling fan	May need to check gearbox for damage or metal contamination.
•	Shutdown occurs within 15 seconds of APU reaching governed speed after start with cool oil. ECU	HOT sensor Wiring	
	Remove HOT sensor and place in an ice bath. Using an Ohm meter resistance should be 88-92 ohms.	HOT sensor	•
	If no physical abnormalities are found, these may cause the shutdown	HOT sensor Wiring ECU Oil cooler	Thermostat stuck or oil passage plugged

GASD600.64

PROCEDURE 1 (Contd)

	Icolation Procedure Probable Cause Notes				
Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Fiobable Cauce			
Autoshutdown REVERSE FLOW	LCIT sensor has loose or broken connection	Loose wires	Intermittent connection		
	Check surge valve position indicator with APU not running. If not fully open-	Surge valve			
•	Shutdown occurs when APU is running with bleed valve closed and main engines not running.	LCIT sensor Wiring ECU			
	Shutdown occurs only when main engines are running	APU check valve			
	Shutdown occurs during APU bleed load operation. These components are most likely cause problem Check P Total probe for plugging Check static sensor ring or probe plugging, obstruction, or broken	Surge valve Delta P transducer P total Transducer P Total probe Static sensor	Possible filter plugging or muscle air problem Calibration shift Calibration shift * On many APU's the entire pressure sensor assembly is replaced as a module		
	Check pressure sensing system plumbing for leaks or obstructions Borescope load compressor	Sensor plumbing Load compressor damage	Replace APU		

PROCEDURE 2D

Symptom	isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Autoshutdown - NO ACCEL	APU runs normally at idle but speed droops when load is applied	FCU P2 sensor	Calibration shift
	Idle EGT exceeds 370C	APU internal damage	Replace APU

GASD600.66

PROCEDURE 2E

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Autoshutdown- OVERSPEED	Perform ECU BITE self test. If ECU FAULTY UNIT light comes on:	ECU	
e.	Start APU. If APU shuts down duringstart for "NO FLAME", "OVERTEMP", or "OVERSPEED", or shutdown occurs just after shedding load	FCU	
	Shutdown occurs without APU speed indication exceeding 102 percent	ECU	

PROCEDURE 2F

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Autoshutdown- OVERTEMP	Most "OVERTEMP" autoshutdowns from on- speed will be followed by inability to start the APU		
	APU will not successfully start IGV ACT flagged on ECU BITE Hand rotate APU through starter checking for drag or unusual noise No FAULTY UNITS on ECU BITE and APU rotation is free	IGV actuator IGV's binding IGV linkage APU internal damage generator FCU	Replace APU Repair Replace APU
	APU starts and has autoshutdown from on- speed (load generator and run ECS) EGT exceeds 600C EGT is less than 600C (may be unstable)	FCU EGT sensors/wiring ECU EGT sensors/wiring	

GASD600.68

PROCEDURE 2G

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Autoshutdown- DC PWR LOSS	Shutdown occurs if DC power supply to the ECU is interrupted for more than 50 msec. BITE display will not occur until after next start attempt which is inhibited		
	If there was a DC power loss or unusual power transient during APU operation the APU system is normal		Ensure "ALT CONT" or "APU MN BAT CONT" circuit breaker on cockpit overhead panel is closed
	Start APU, load generator, and operate ECS. If fault repeats	ECU	Could be wiring or connectors

PROCEDURE 2H

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Autoshutdown- FAILED SENSOR	Are either both #1 and #2 SPD SENSOR or both #1 and #2 T/C RAKE FAULTY UNIT lights on? Yes	EGT Thermocouples Speed Monopoles Wiring	
	• No	ECU	

GASD600.70

PROCEDURE2

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes .
Autoshutdown - GEN FILTER	Replace generator filter element	Generator Oil Filter	
	Start APU. If shutdown repeats, check generator filter differential pressure switch for continuity with APU not running Continuity	Generator Oil Filter Pressure Switch	
	Open Shutdowns occur randomly	ECU Generator Oll Filter Pressure Switch	intermittently closes due to vibration

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PROCEDURE 2J

Symptom	isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Autoshutdown- INLET DOOR	Check APU inlet door system and switch. Autoshutdown can only occur after the door- open switch signal is received to allow APU to start. If fault repeats after door, switch and input wiring checkout.	Inlet Door Switch Wiring Door Actuation System	Probable intermittent

GASD600.72

PROCEDURE 2K

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes ,
Autoshutdown - FIRE EMERG	APU shutdown occurs due to receipt of a "FIRE SHUTDOWN" signal from the airplane	-	
	If shutdown repeats, check airplane fire shutdown circuit to ECU	APU fire relay Wiring	
	If no fault found in airplane circuit, replace ECU	ECU	

PROCEDURE 2L

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Autoshutdown - ECU	Check ECU connectors for bent or broken pins	Connectors	,
	If connectors okay and fault repeats	ECU	

GASD600.74

PROCEDURE 3A

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
No duct pressure (< 3psi duct pressure)	Start APU. Ensure main engine bleed air switches are in the OFF position. Open isolation valve. Select APU bleed valve to the open position. If left and right engine bleed "OFF" lights are not illuminated and "VALVE" light on APU blkeed valve switch does not illuminate and then extinguish after 3-10 seconds If left and right engine bleed "OFF" lights are illuminated and APU bleed valve switch does not illuminate and then extinguish If "VALVE" light on APU bleed valve switch does illuminate and then extinguish after 3-10 seconds	Left or right PRSOV APU bleed valve Bleed valve relay ECU/wiring IGV actuator AP sensor P total sensor P2 sensor IGV assembly ECU	Closed switch not contracting Refer to Boeing FIM, AT A36 "BLEED OFF light not illuminated" procedures Refer to Boeing FIM, AT A36 "APU VALVE light "procedures. No bleed signal BITE = IGV ACT BITE = AP sensor BITE =PT sensor Calibration Shift No BITE Binding/BITE = IGV ACT

PROCEDURE 38

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Low duct pressure in all pneumatic modes. (Low air > 2 psl)	Start APU. Ensure main engine bleed air switches are off. Activate bleed air valve switch, open isolation valve. Duct pressure is low in DPM, ECS MES, and de-ice	Surge control valve \(\Delta P \) sensor P total sensor LCIT sensor Flow sensor probes Aircraft duct leaks	No BITE Info-internal leakage, mechanical problem or leaking muscle air supply No BITE info-transducer shifted low No BITE info-transducer shifted low No BITE info-output shift Broken or dirty

GASD600.76

PROCEDURE 3C

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Low duct pressure <u>not</u> in all pneumatic modes. (Low air > 2 psl.)	Start APU. Ensure main engine bleed air switches are off. Activate bleed air switch and open isolation valve. (APU now in duct pressure mode)		
	Low duct pressure in DPM only?	Surge valve	No BITE info - valve quick dump instability
	Turn on packs, one at a time.		
	 Low duct pressure in one pack only (Isolate which one.) 	Pack controller	No BITE Info
	•	Aircraft PRSOV	No BITE Info
¥32*		Leak in aircraft	Check all clamps,
		ducting	weld seams
	 Low duct pressure with both packs on, or either pack? 	Cabin temp controller	NO BITE INFO
	(But not DPM and not MES)		
*	Turn off packs. Turn on MES	Aircraft isolation valve	Leaking valve No BITE Info
	 Low duct pressure in MES, one main 	Starter valve or valve	No BITE info-valve
	engine only?	controller	not closing properly
		Aircraft ducting	Leaks - check clamps and weld seams
	· Low duct pressure in MES only, either	IGV actuator or	BITE Info-"IGV ACT"
	engine?	GV assembly	- IGV mechanism will not open fully

PROCEDURE 3C (Contd)

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes .
	- Put APU in duct pressure mode, if EGT exceeds 500C, the APU performance has deteriorated to the point that should be overhauled.	APU performance deterioration Load compressor damage	No BITE Info - APU will not hold EGT and pressur with excessive hot section deterioration No BITE Info

GÁSD600.78

PROCEDURE 3D

	. PHOCEDURE 3D		
Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Fluctuating duct pressure	Start APU. Ensure main engine bleed switches are off. Activate bleed air switch and open isolation valve. Duct pressure unsteady? ±5 to ±10 psi fluctuation Duct pressure "dumping" at regular intervals (±0 psi fluctuation) Duct pressure "dumping" at regular intervals (±0 psi fluctuation) puct pressure "dumping" at regular intervals (±0 psi fluctuation)	Surge valve IGV actuator P total transducer DP transducer Load compressor damage LCIT sensor	No BITE info-valve internal leak or mechanical problem No BITE info-transducer calibration shift. APU operating too close to surge No BITE info-APU removal required No BITE info-check leads for tight connection
	Tum on packs one at a time • Fluctuating duct pressure in one pack only? (Isolate left or right)	Pack controller Pack value Surge valve PT,DP Transducers	No BITE info No BITE info- mechanical problem
	Turn on both packs Fluctuating duct pressure in both packs?	Cabin temp control Surge valve, PT, DP transducers	No BITE Info No BITE info, mechanical problem

PROCEDURE 3D (CONTD)

Symptom Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Fluctuating duct pressure (Contd.) Turn off packs. Turn on MES, Fluctuating duct pressure in MES?	Surge valve DP, PT transducers IGV actuator Main engine starter valve	No BITE Info- mechanical problem No BITE Info- mechanical problem

GASD600.80

PROCEDURE 4A

Priocedite 4A			
Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
High oil consumption	Check APU for external leaks as evidenced by oil on compartment doors or oil on fittings lines, flanges, ect.	External leaks	Tighten or replace components as required
· _	Check cooling fan discharge port and firewall for evidence of cooling fan shaft leak	Cooling fan	Oil cooler will probably require cleaning
. ,	Check drain mast for fluid leakage. If leakage evident, go to Procedure 4B.		
	If oil consumption has been confirmed and there is either white smoke or oil in the exhaust or there is no evidence of external leaks, unclamp and pull back the tallpipe and look up the APU exhaust.		
	If oil around the gearbox vent discharge, check to see if the gearbox shutoff valve is stuck open.	Gearbox shutoff valve	
	if shutoff valve is closed if oil is evident around the turbine bearing housing on the turbine blades	Internal seal leak Turbine scavenge pump, turbine seal	Replace APU Replace APU

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PROCEDURE 4B

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
Fuel or oil leaks from drain mast during APU operation	Determine which drain mast port is leaking.		
	Forward (767)/second from the (757) port is the flow divider drain (fuel discharge from this port at APU is normal)	Flow divider	
	Aft most port is for the FCU and IGV actuator. Oil leak from this port indicates FCU	FCU	Shaft seal leak
	Fuel leak from the aft port can come from either the FCU or IGV actuator. Break the drain line at the T fitting between the two to determine which one is leaking	FCU IGV actuator	Shaft seal leak
·	The second from the aft port is for internal bearing seal cavity vents. Oil leakage from this port indicates internal APU seal problems.	APU .	Oil leakage within overall APU consumption limit is allowable

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PROCEDURE 4C

Symptom	Isolation Procedure	Probable Cause	Notes
APU oil level changes	Oil level is at running FULL mark on sight gauge with APU running and above static FULL mark after shutdown or at static FULL when shutdown and below running full when running.	Oil cooler check valves	Leaking
	Oil level is at running FULL mark on sight gauge with APU running and below static FULL mark after shutdown or at static FULL when shutdown and above running FULL when running (may be intermittant)	Deoli solenoid Valve/wiring	Will show up on ECU BITE if electronically faulty or wiring is bad, but not if mechanically sticking

PROCEDURE !

Symptom	Isolation Procedura	Probable Cause	Notes
APU generator falls to load or drops off line	With no pneumatic load on the APU attempt to transfer electric load to APU generator. If APU speed drops more than 2 percent-	FCU ECU P2 sensor	Calibration shift
	Check for ECU generator load relat output signal. If not present when APU speed is over 95 percent-	ECU	
	Check generator scavenge chip collector. If generator falled, remove chip collector assembly, if more than 1 cup of oil drains out	Generator Generator scavenge pump	
	Troubleshoot generator and generator system (Chapter 24)		

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